

Demographics of Local Star-Forming Galaxies and Starbursts



M82: Spitzer/CXO/HST

Primary Datasets

- **Spitzer Infrared Nearby Galaxies Survey (SINGS)**
 - resolved UV $\rightarrow$ radio mapping of 75 galaxies
 - selection: maximize diversity in type, mass, IR/optical
- **11 Mpc H α /Ultraviolet Survey (11HUGS)**
 - resolved H α , UV imaging, integrated/resolved IR of 400 galaxies
 - selection: volume-complete within 11 Mpc (S-Irr)
- **Survey for Ionization in Neutral-Gas Galaxies (SINGG)**
 - resolved H α , UV imaging, integrated/resolved IR of 500 galaxies
 - selection: HI-complete in 3 redshift slices
- **Integrated Measurements**
 - H α flux catalogue (+IR, UV) for >3000 galaxies within 150 Mpc
 - integrated spectra (+IR, UV) for ~600 galaxies in same volume
(Moustakas & Kennicutt 2006, 2007)

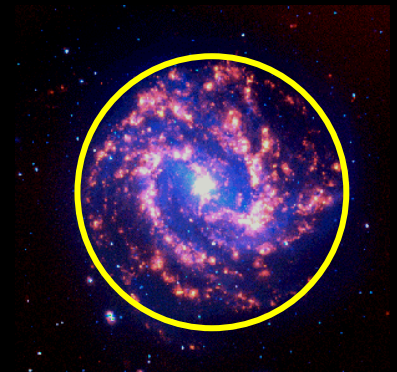
Demographics of Star-Forming Galaxies

Baseline: 11 Mpc H α + Ultraviolet Survey (11HUGS)

- all known galaxies w/gas within 11 Mpc + Ursa Major cluster
- companion GALEX Legacy survey coming...

Quantify SF properties in terms of 3 observables:

- **absolute SFR** ($M_{\odot}/\text{yr}$)
 - from H α corrected for [NII], dust
- **SFR density, intensity** ($M_{\odot}/\text{yr}/\text{kpc}^2$)
 - defined as $\text{SFR}/\pi R_{\text{SF}}^2$
 - correlates strongly with gas density, SF timescale
- **normalized SFR/mass; birthrate parameter b**
 - ratio of present SFR to average past SFR
 - defined here globally - integrated over galaxy
 - primary evolutionary variable along Hubble sequence



The Starburst Bestiary

GEHRs

SSCs

HII galaxies

ELGs

CNELGs

W-R galaxies

BCGs

BCDs

LIGs, LIRGs

ULIGs, ULIRGs

LUVGs, UVLGs

nuclear starbursts

circumnuclear starbursts

clumpy irregular galaxies

Ly- α galaxies

E+A galaxies

K+A galaxies

LBGs

DRGs

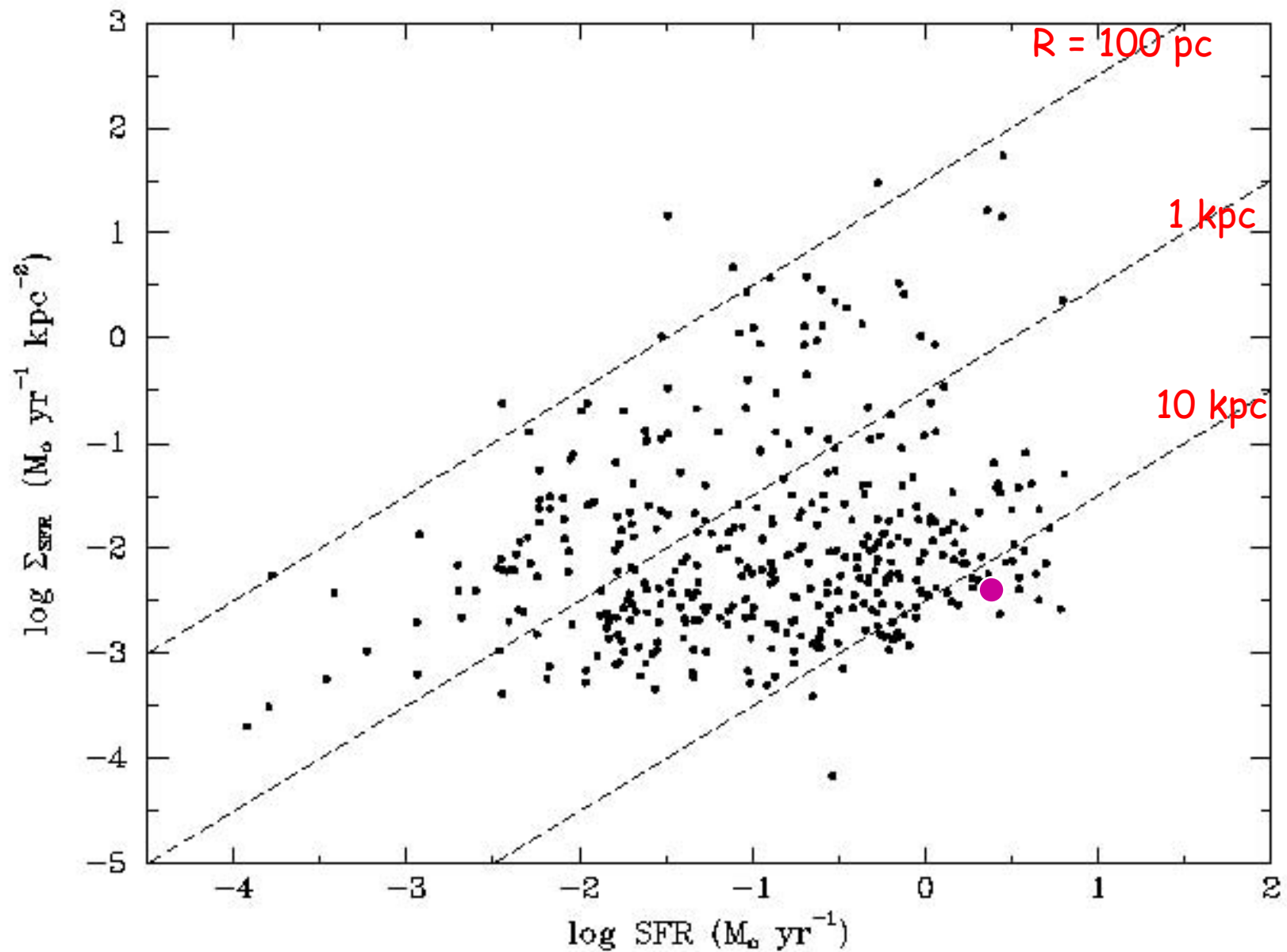
EROs

SCUBA galaxies

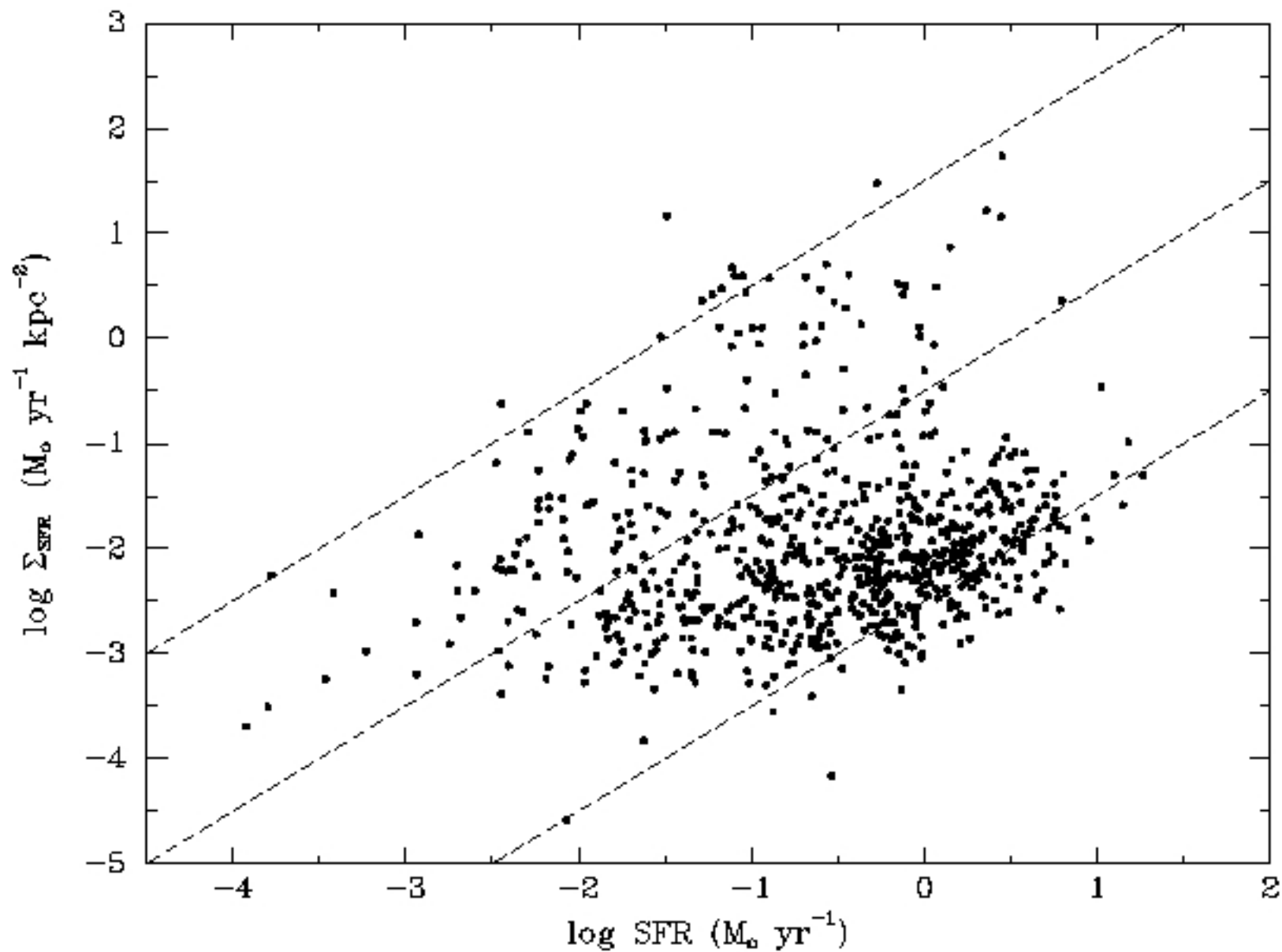
extreme starbursts



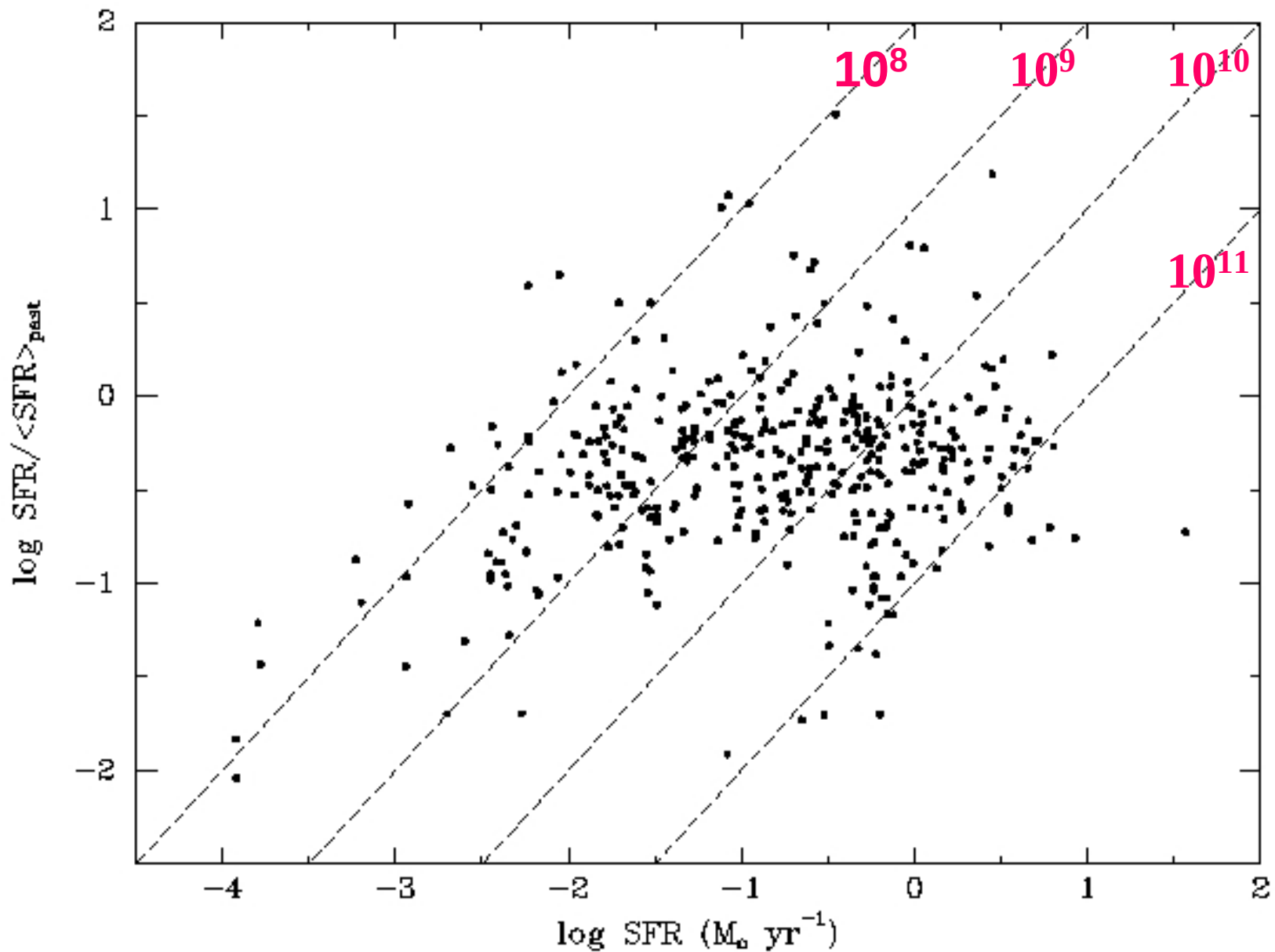
11 Mpc H α Survey: Kennicutt et al. 2008, ApJS, in press



11MPC + H α GS + SINGG+ Hameed + Goldmine

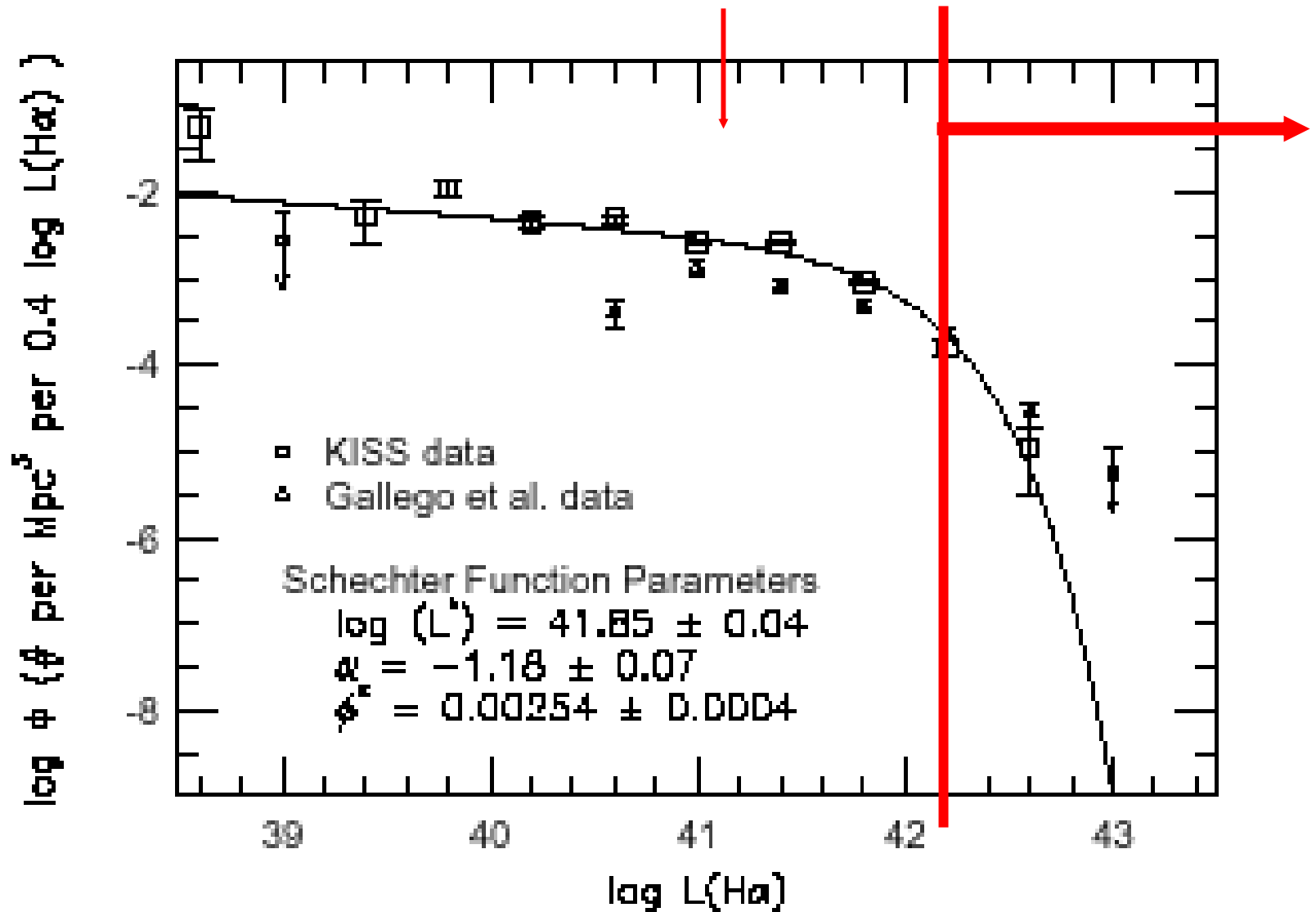


star formation rate per unit mass

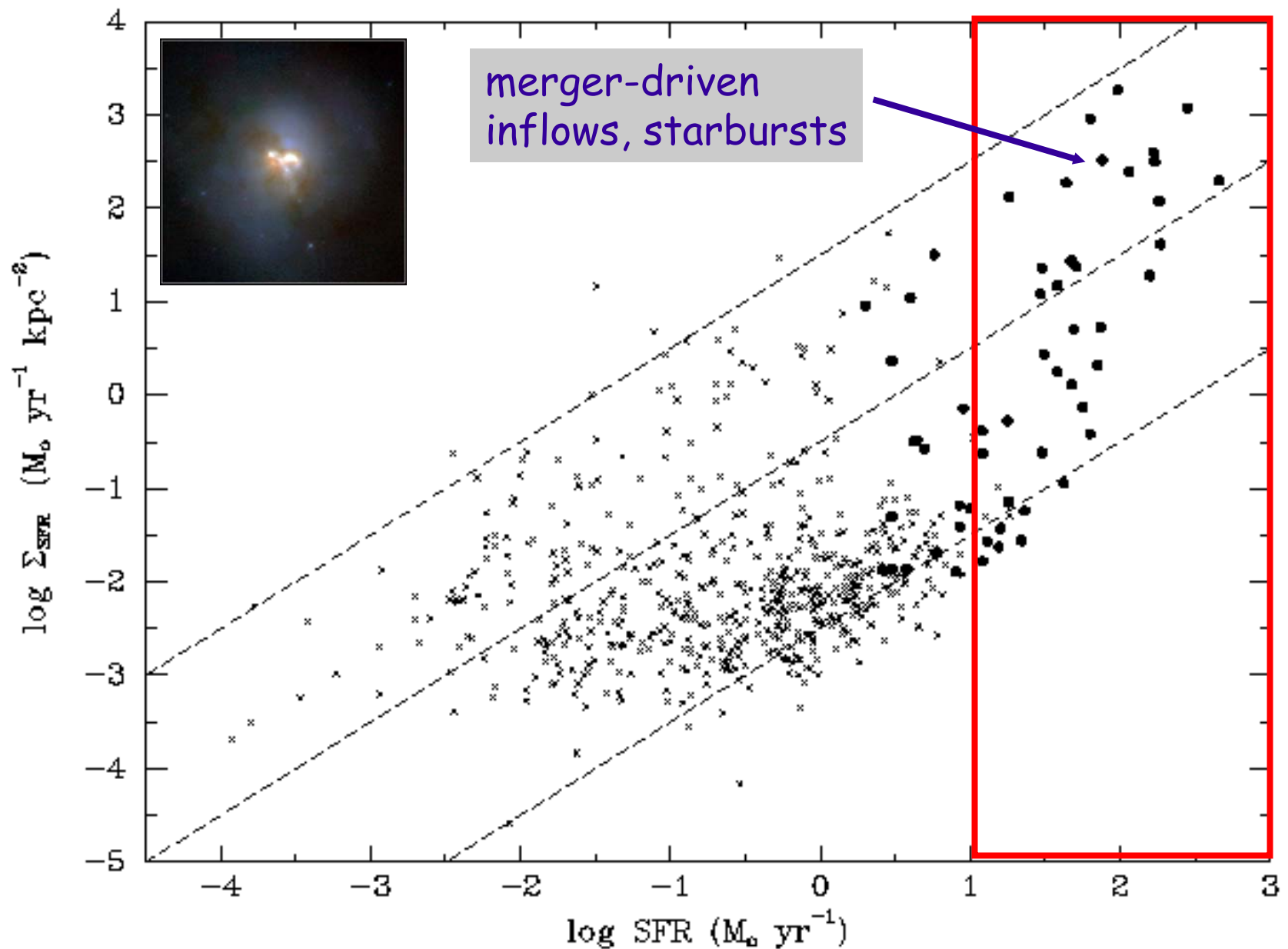


star formation rate

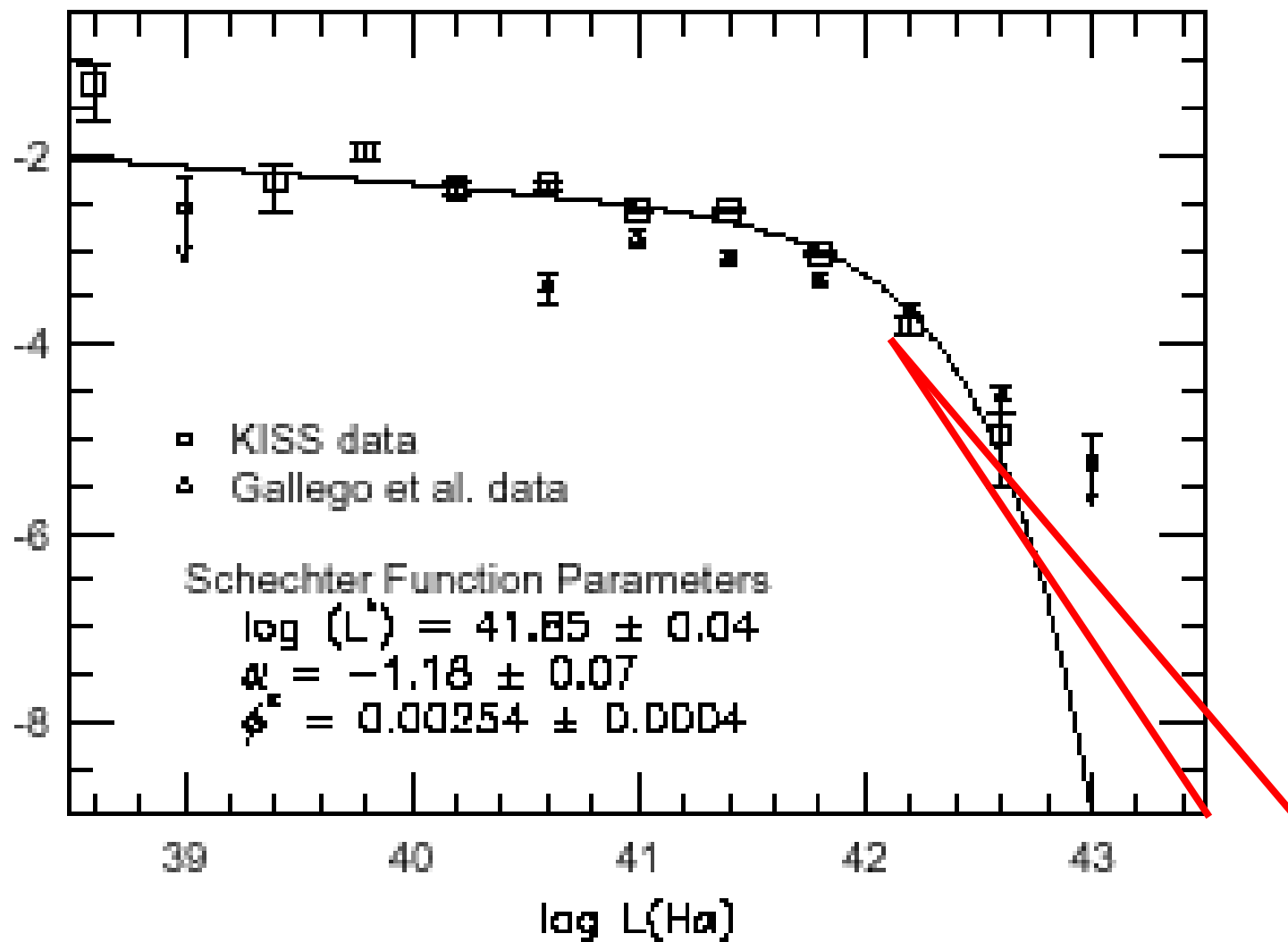
$$\text{SFR}^* \sim 5 M_{\odot}/\text{yr}$$

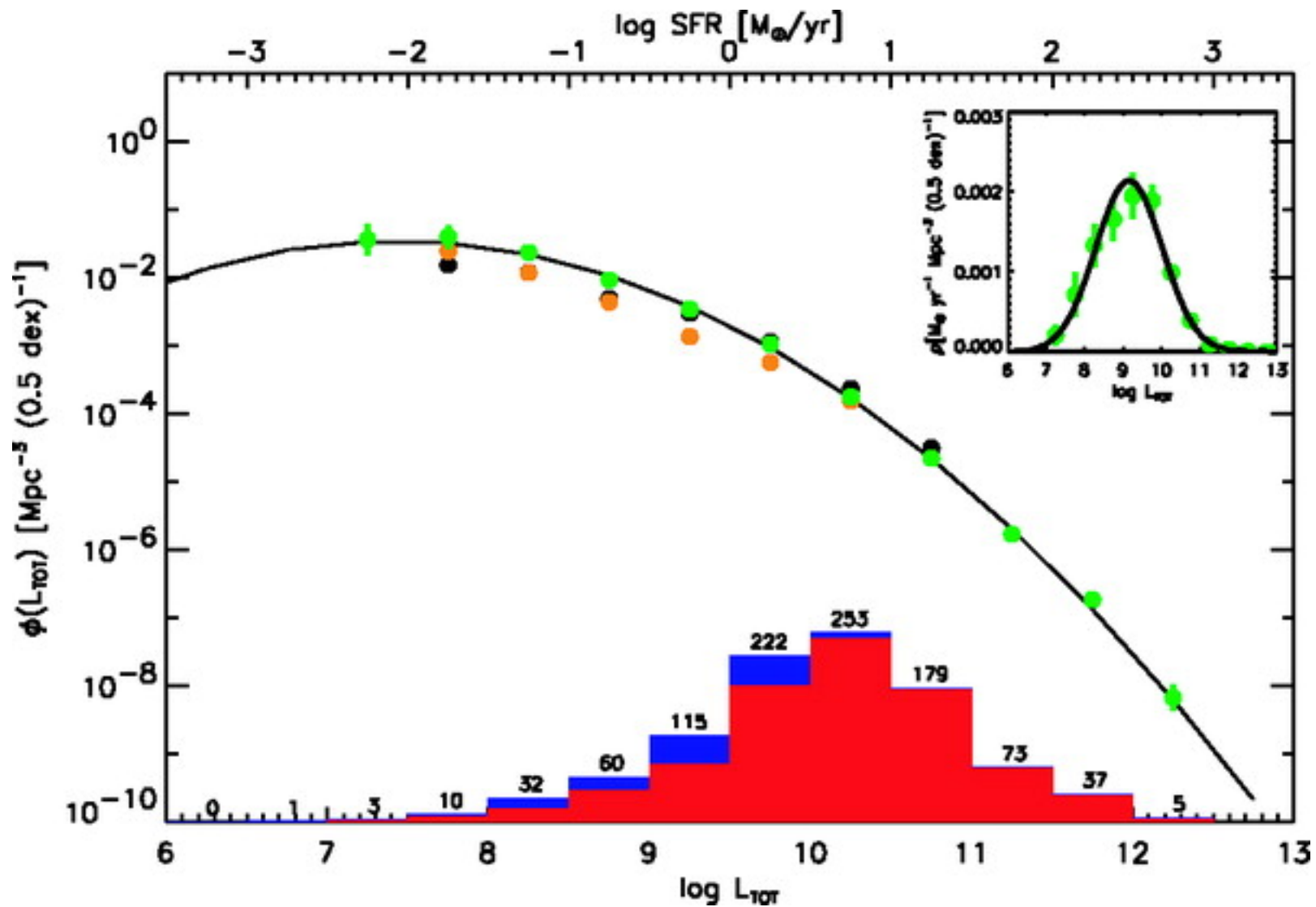


LIGs, ULIGs (Dopita et al., Soifer et al, Scoville et al)



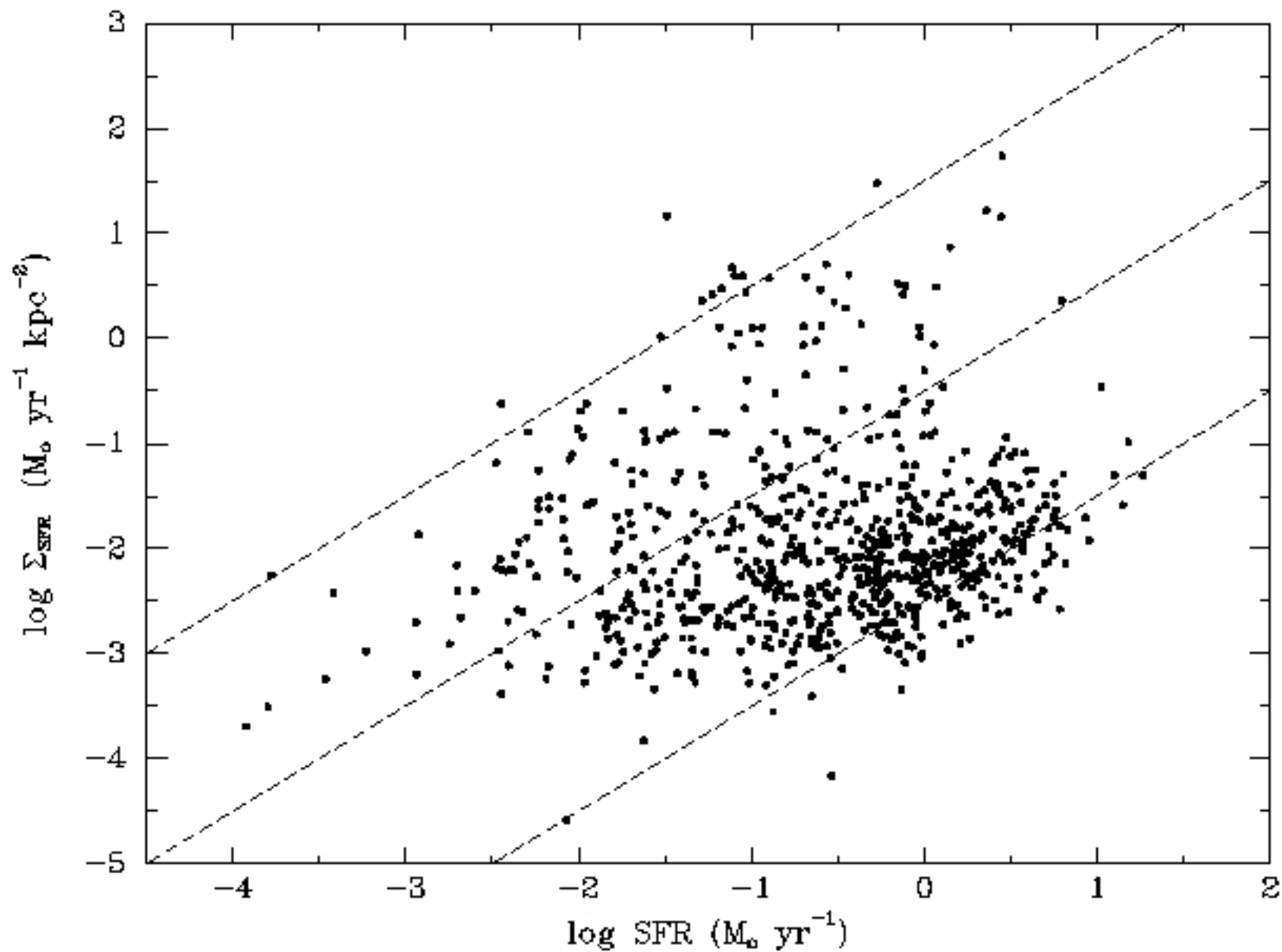
$\log \Phi \text{ (}\# \text{ per Mpc}^3 \text{ per } 0.4 \log L(\text{H}\alpha) \text{)}$

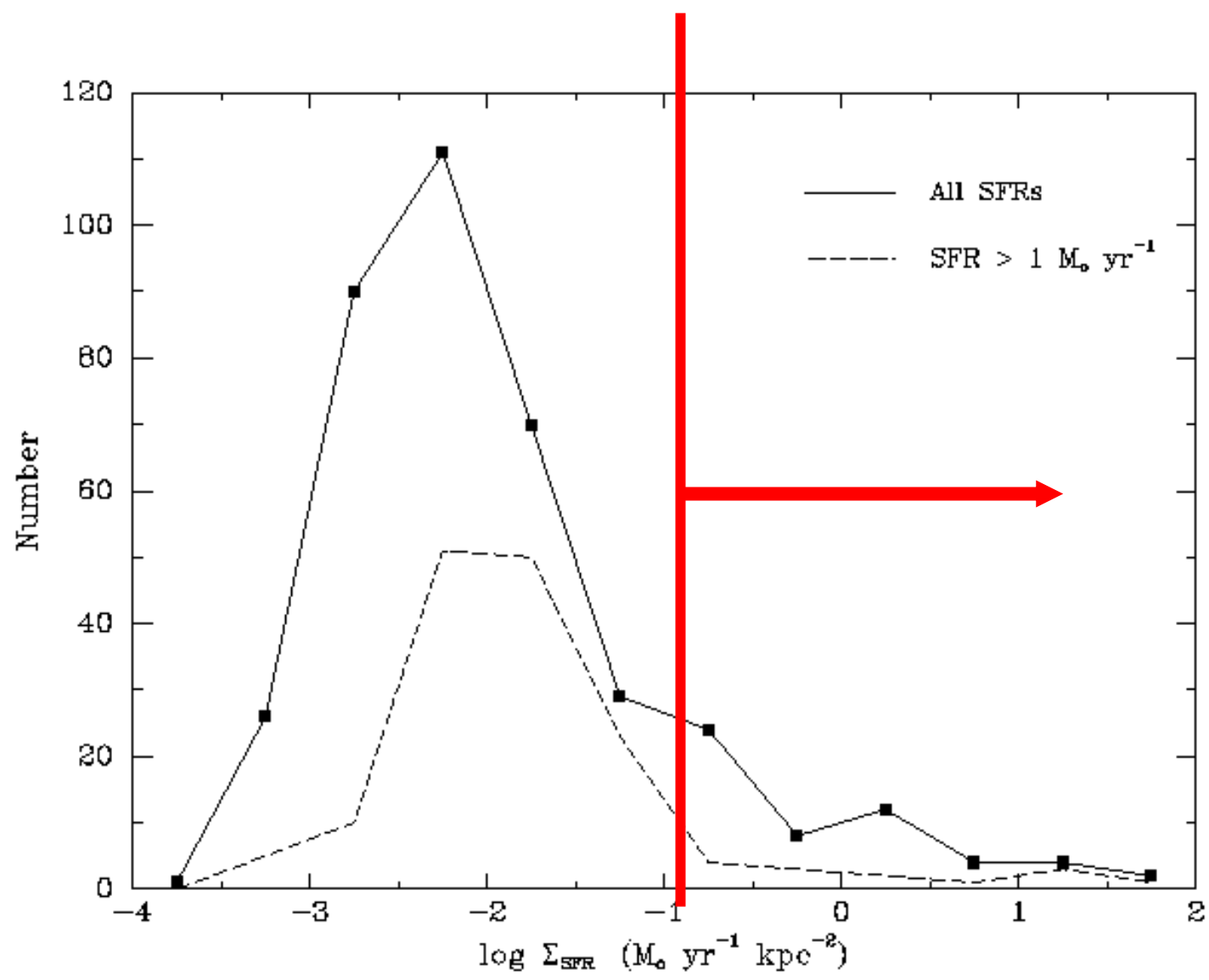


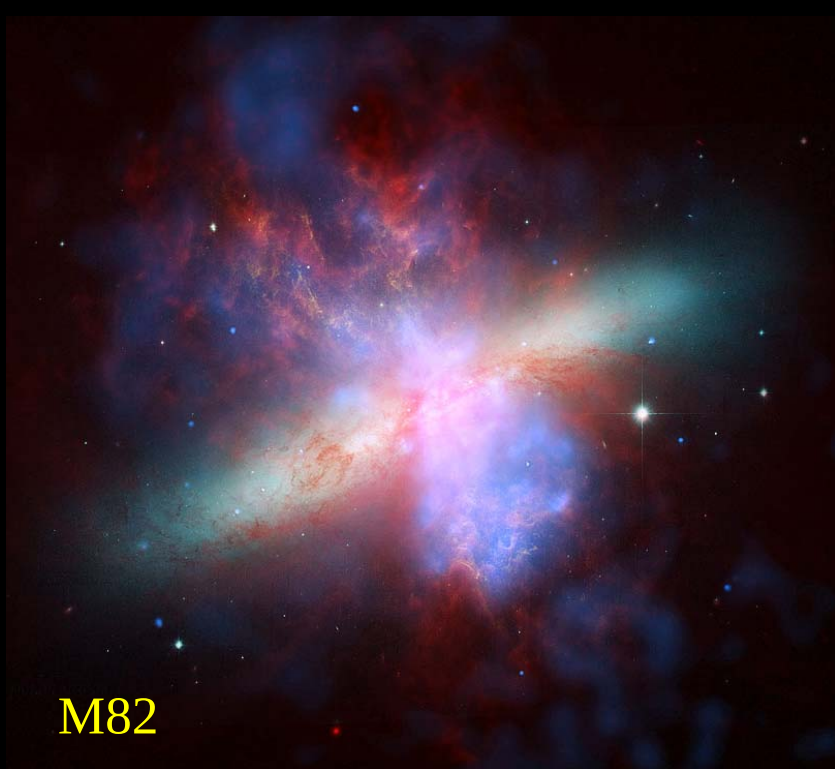


Martin 2005, ApJ, 619, L59

11MPC + H α GS + SINGG+ Hameed + Goldmine



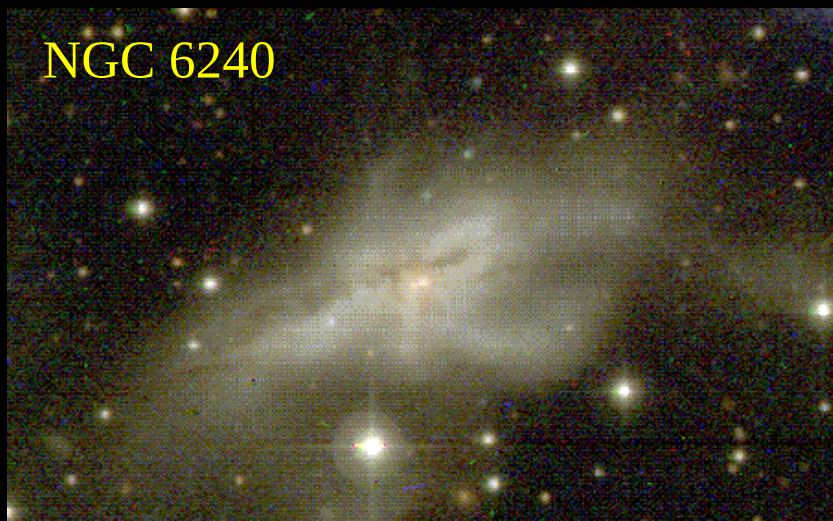




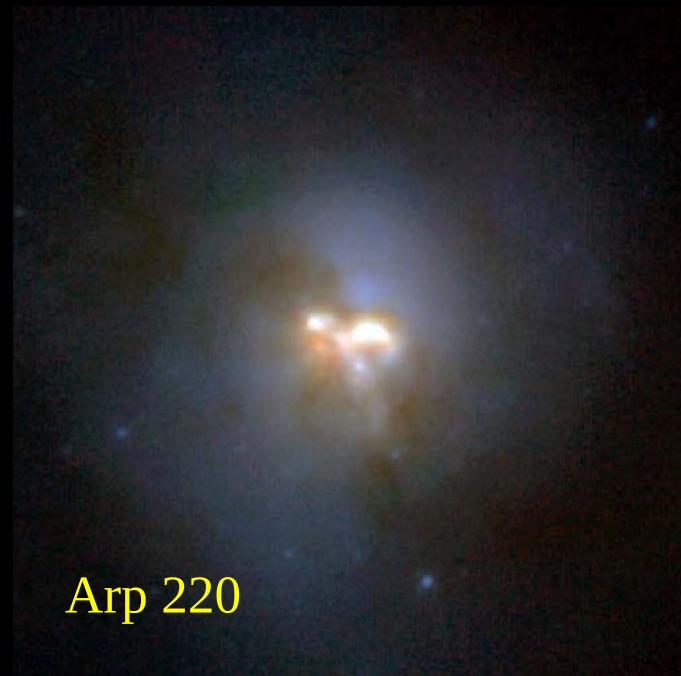
M82



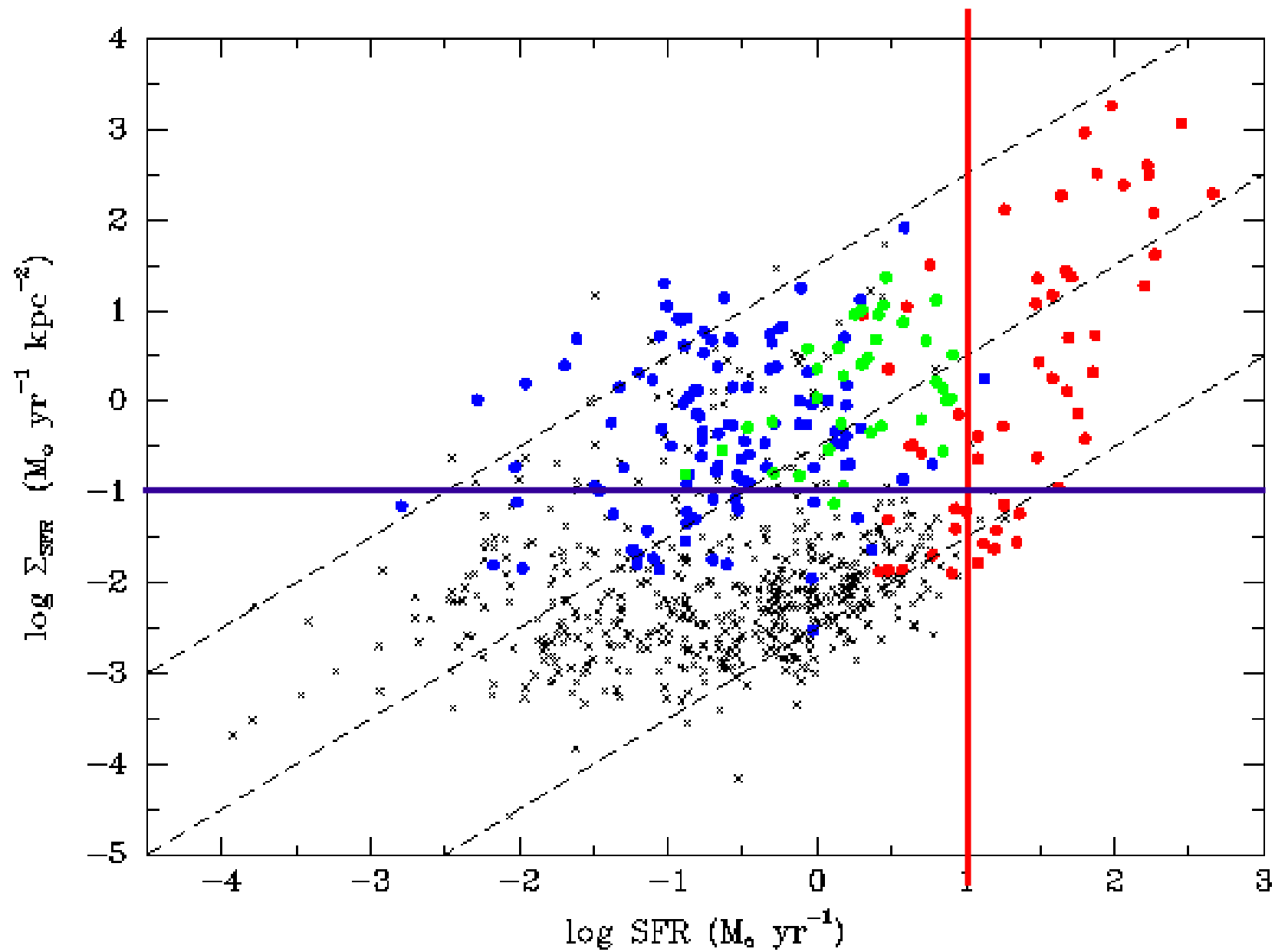
NGC 4038/9
Antennae

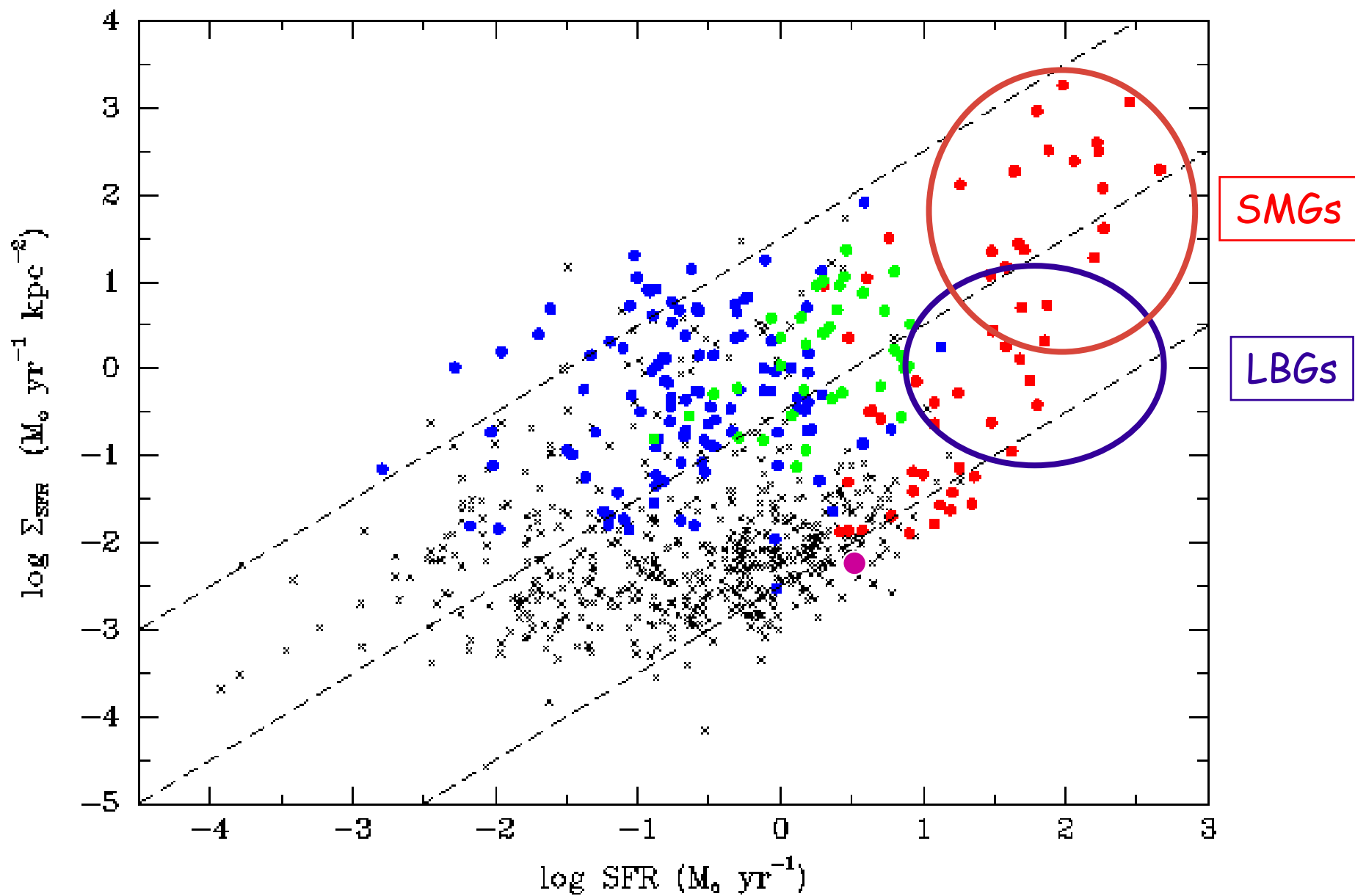


NGC 6240

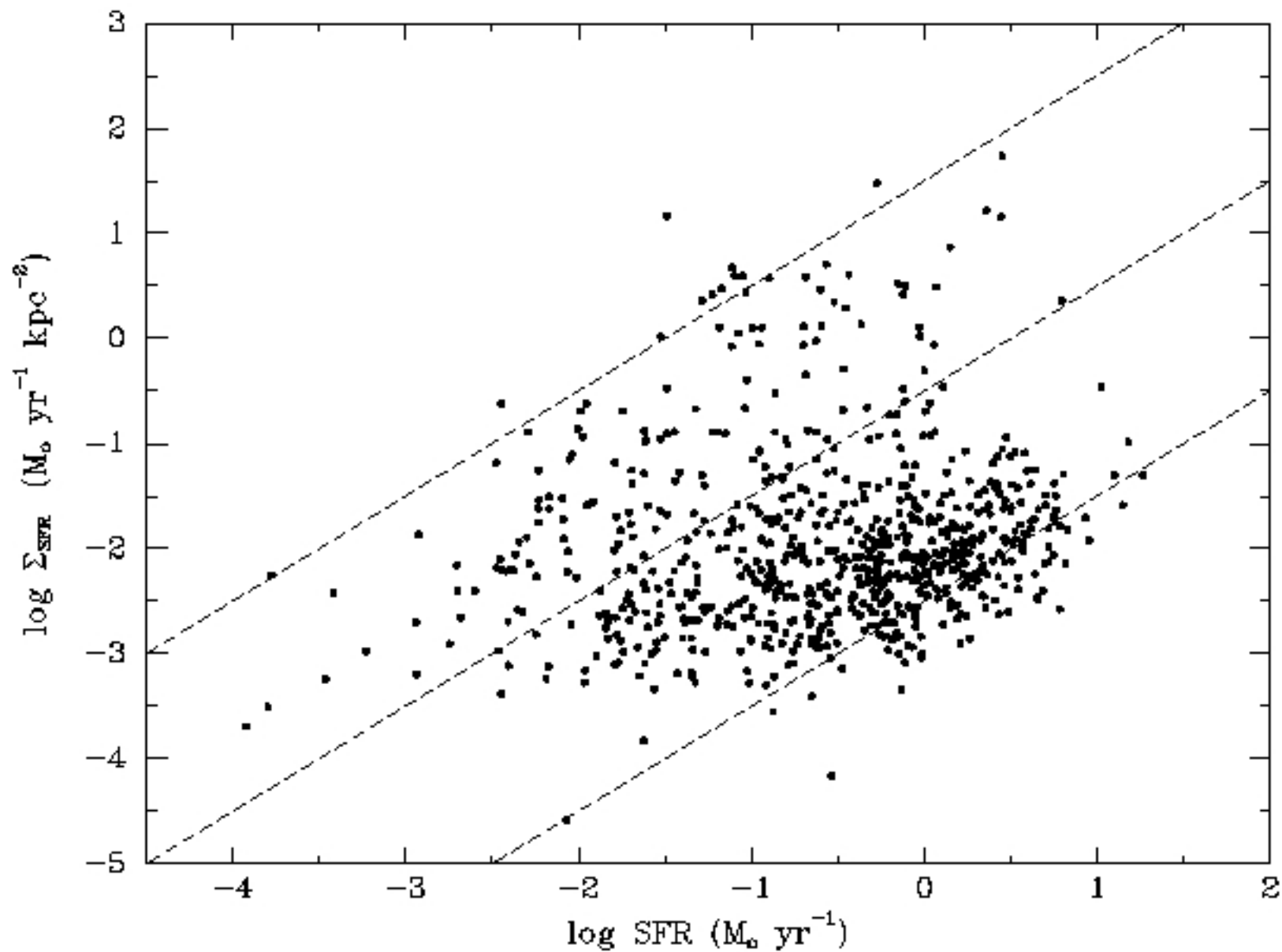


Arp 220



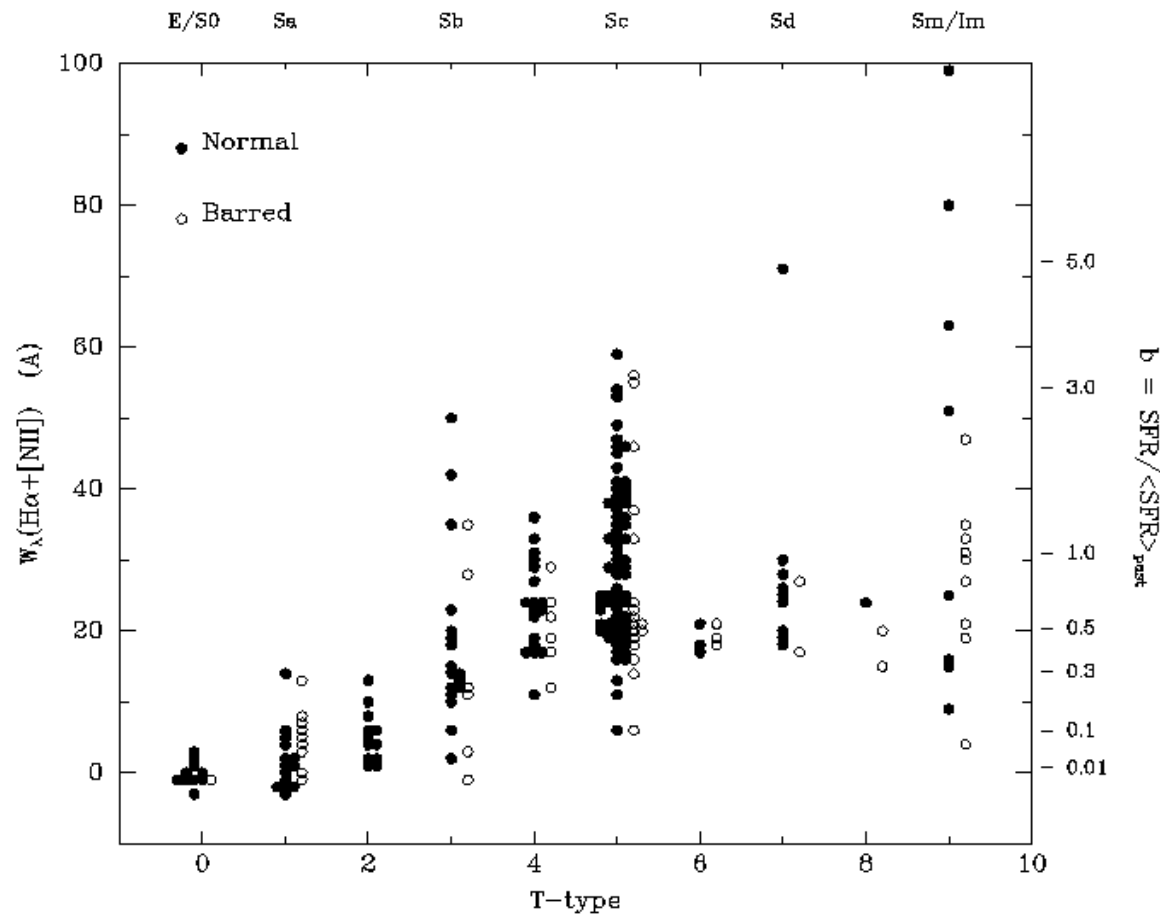


11MPC + H α GS + SINGG+ Hameed + Goldmine

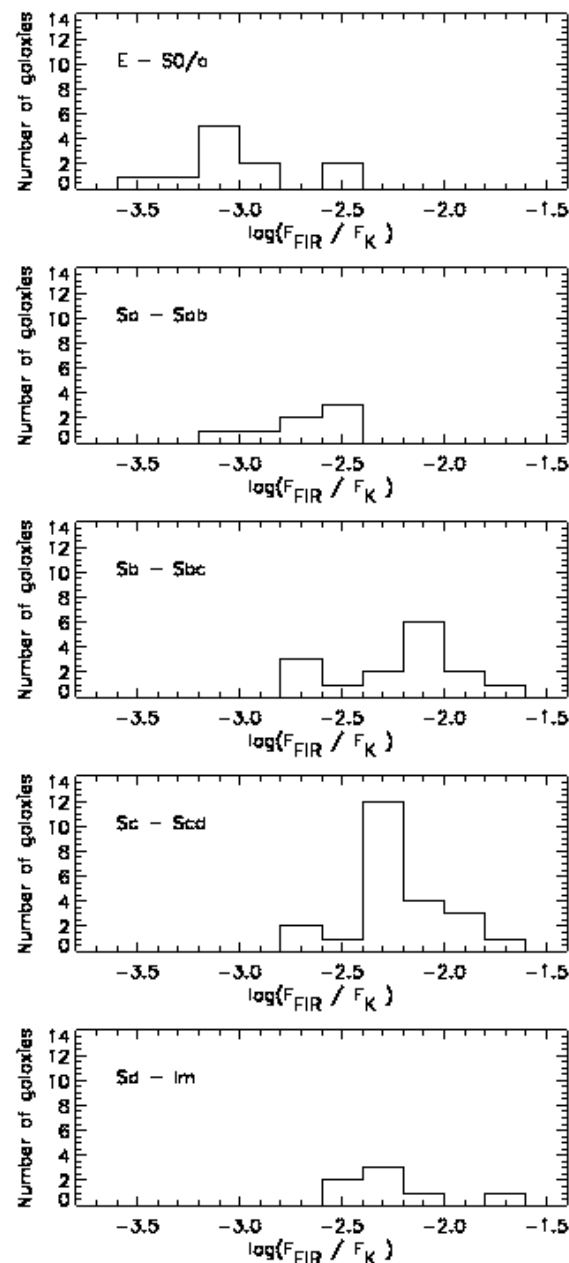




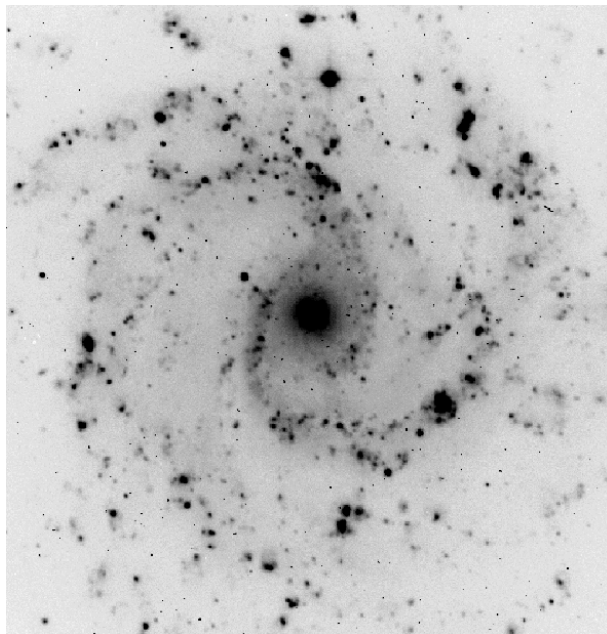
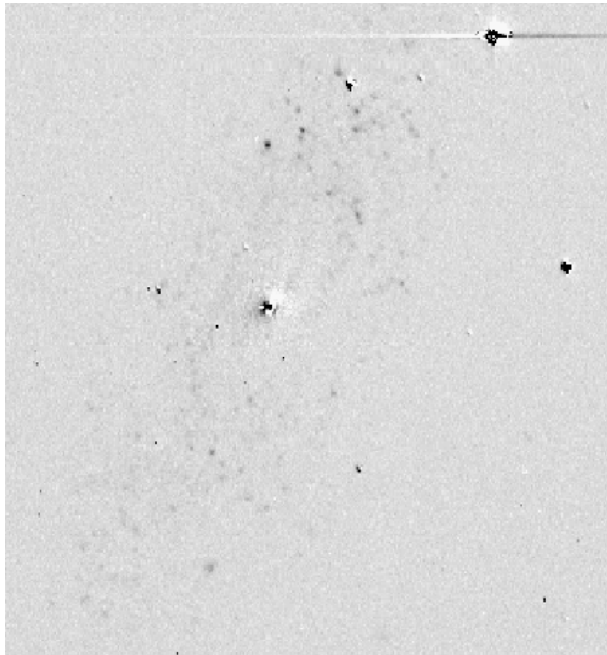
Disk SF - Global Trends



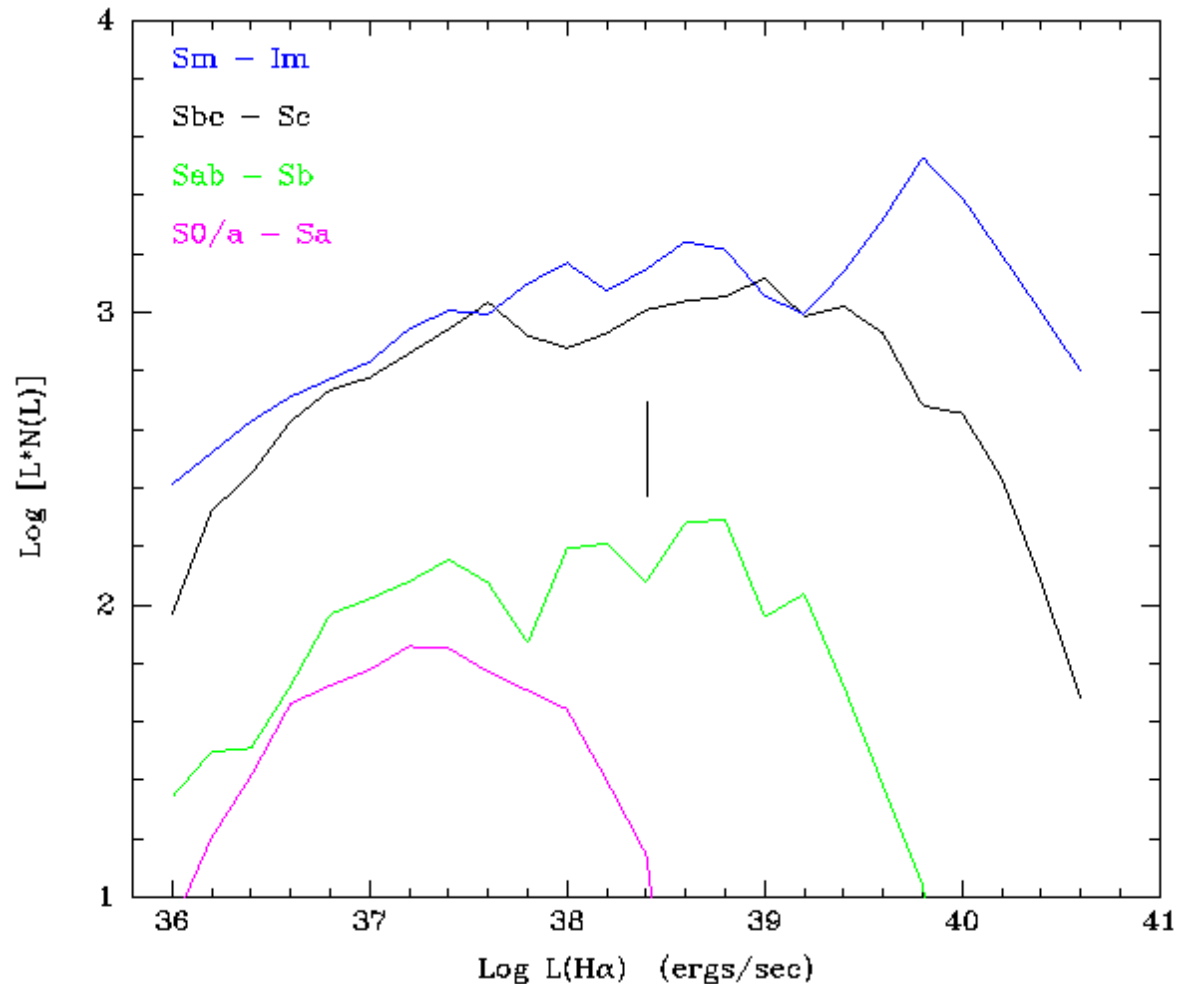
Kennicutt 1998, ARAA, 36, 189



Bendo et al. 2002, AJ, 124, 1380



SFR increase reflects an increase in frequency of SF events, and a shift in the mass spectrum of single events



Disk Star Formation Rates and Histories

- evolutionary synthesis of integrated colors

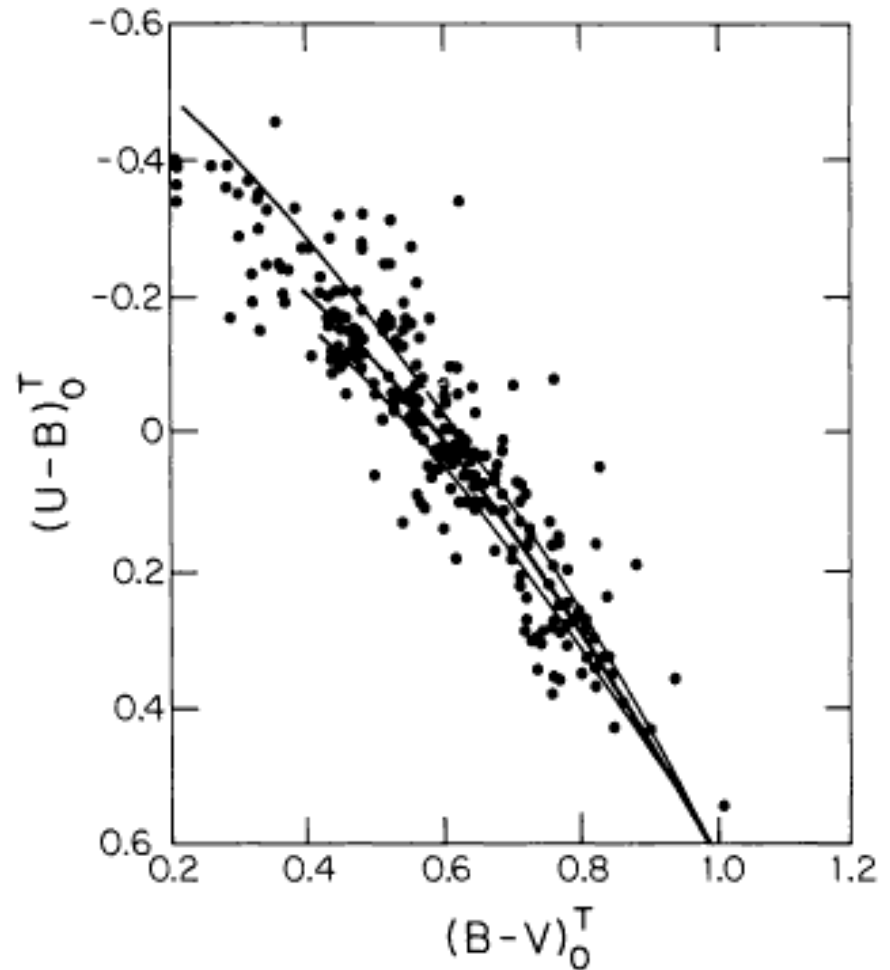
Tinsley 1968, ApJ, 151, 547

Searle et al. 1973, ApJ, 179, 427

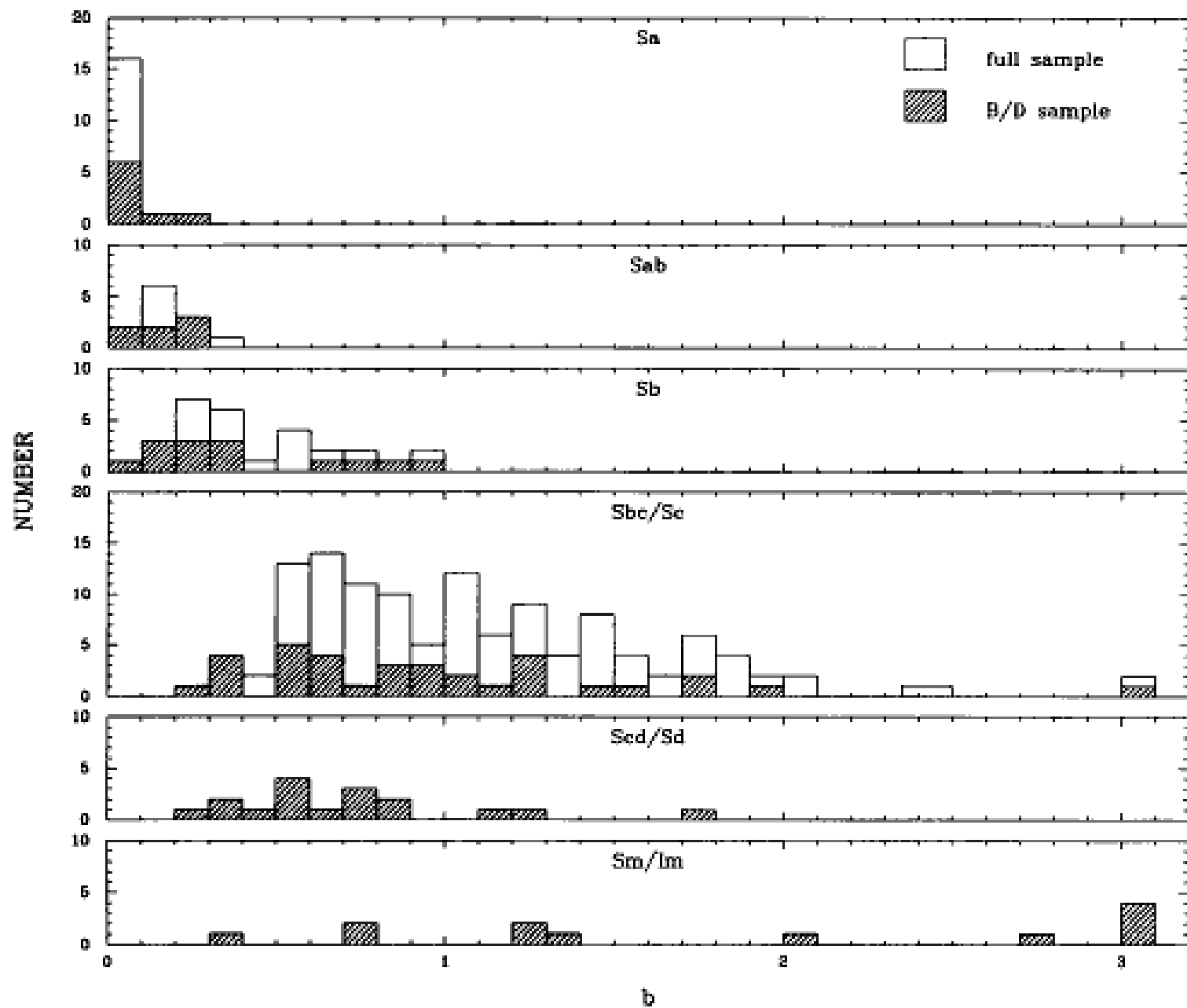
Larson, Tinsley 1978, ApJ, 219, 46

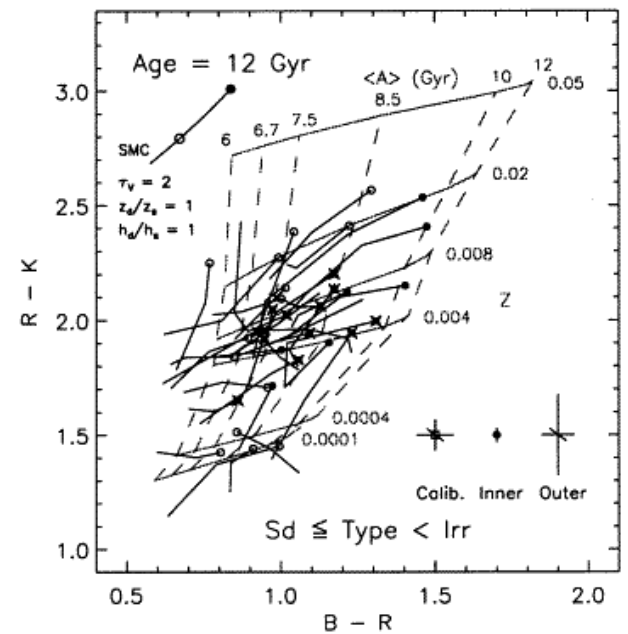
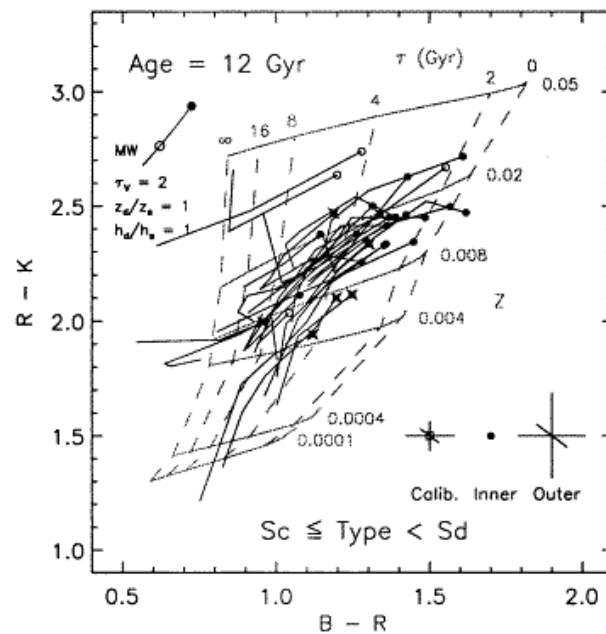
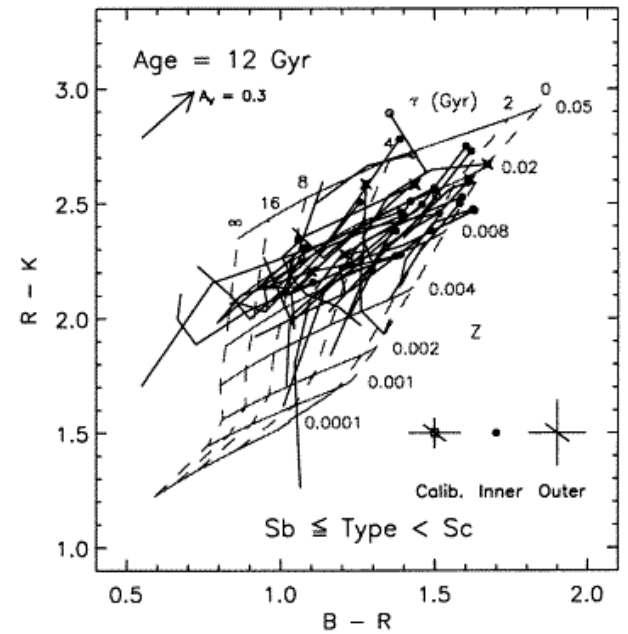
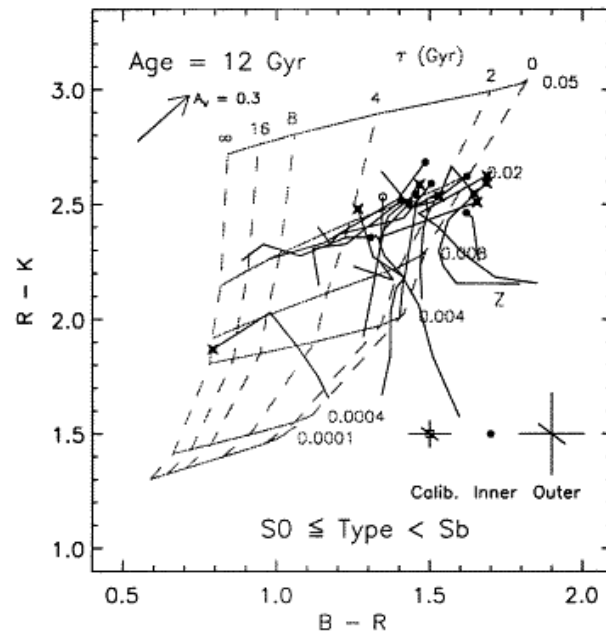
- results

- disk colors consistent with sequence of constant age, IMF, Z , and variable SF history $\psi(t)$
- best fit for $\sim$ Salpeter IMF
- spectra fit with similar model sequence

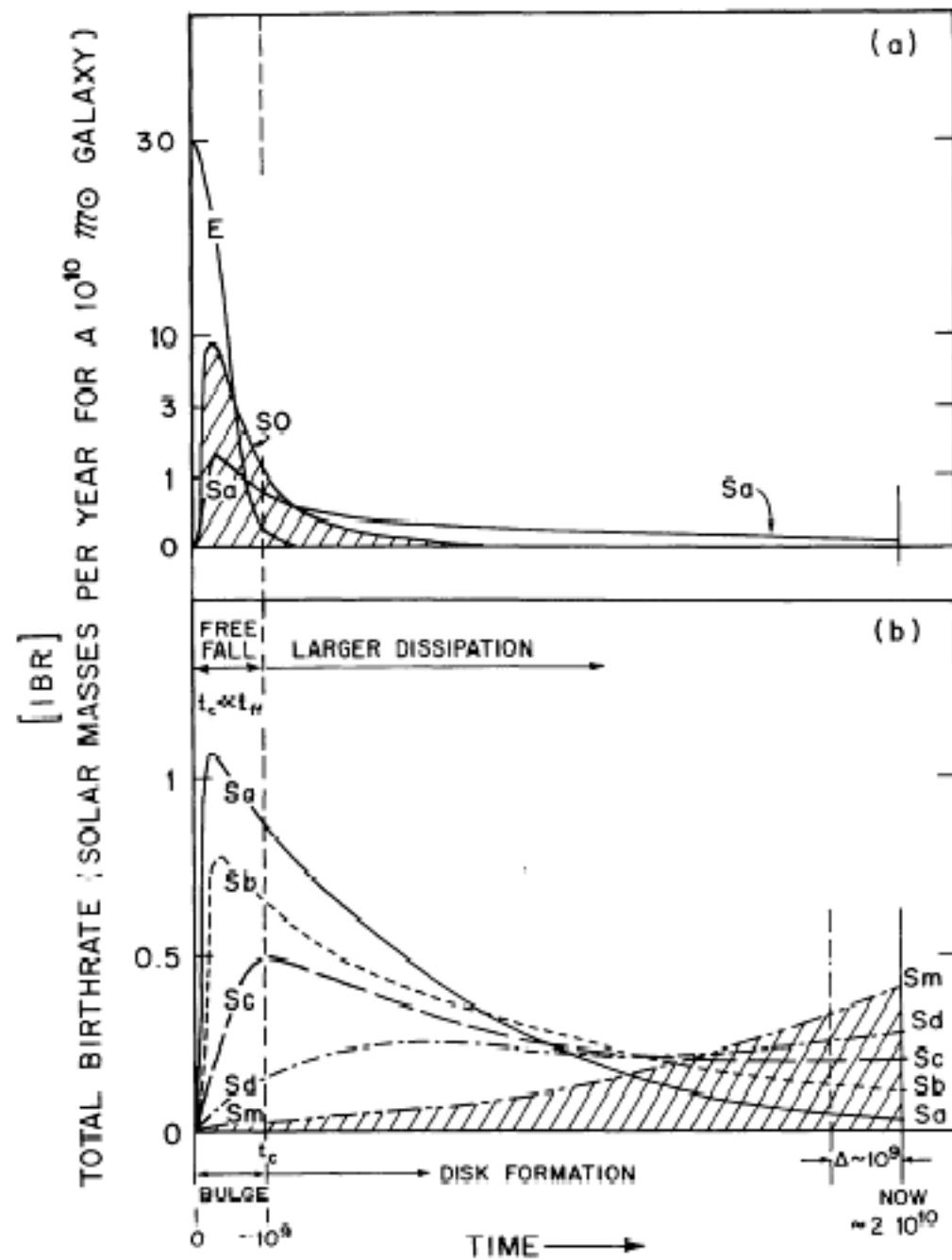


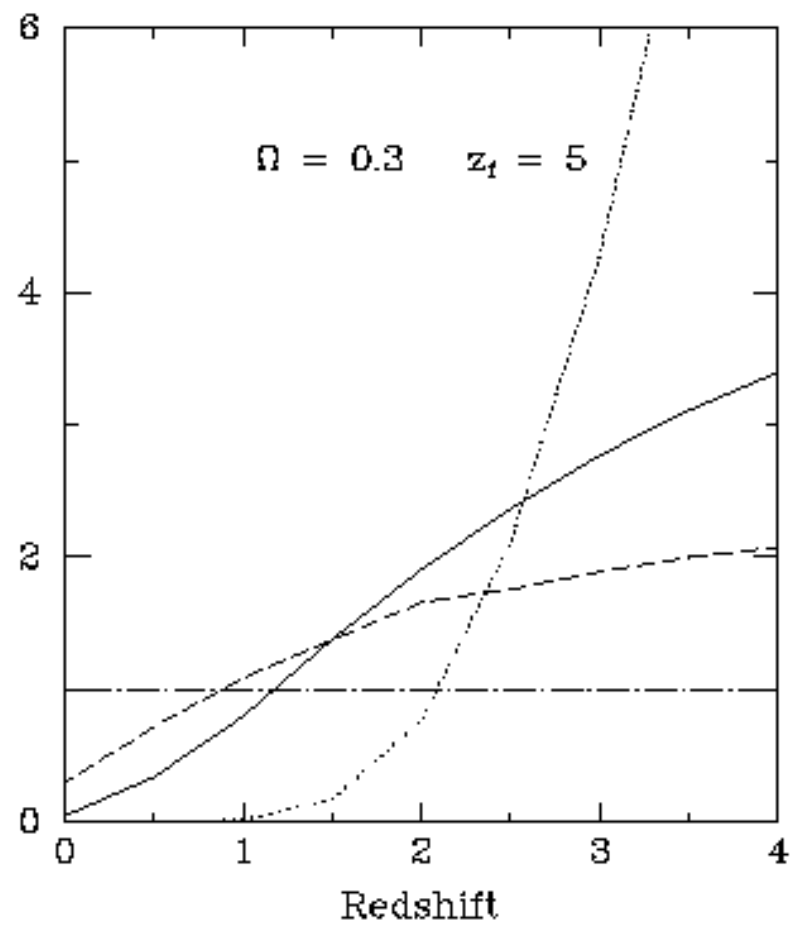
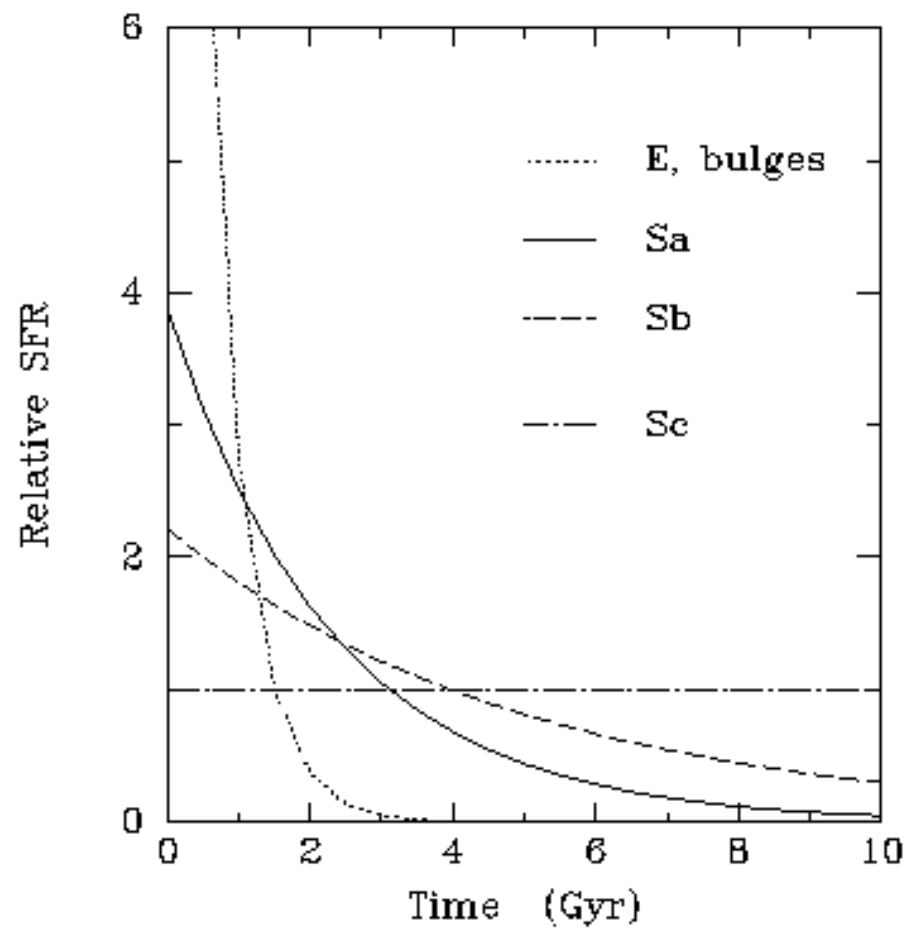
Kennicutt 1983, ApJ, 272, 54





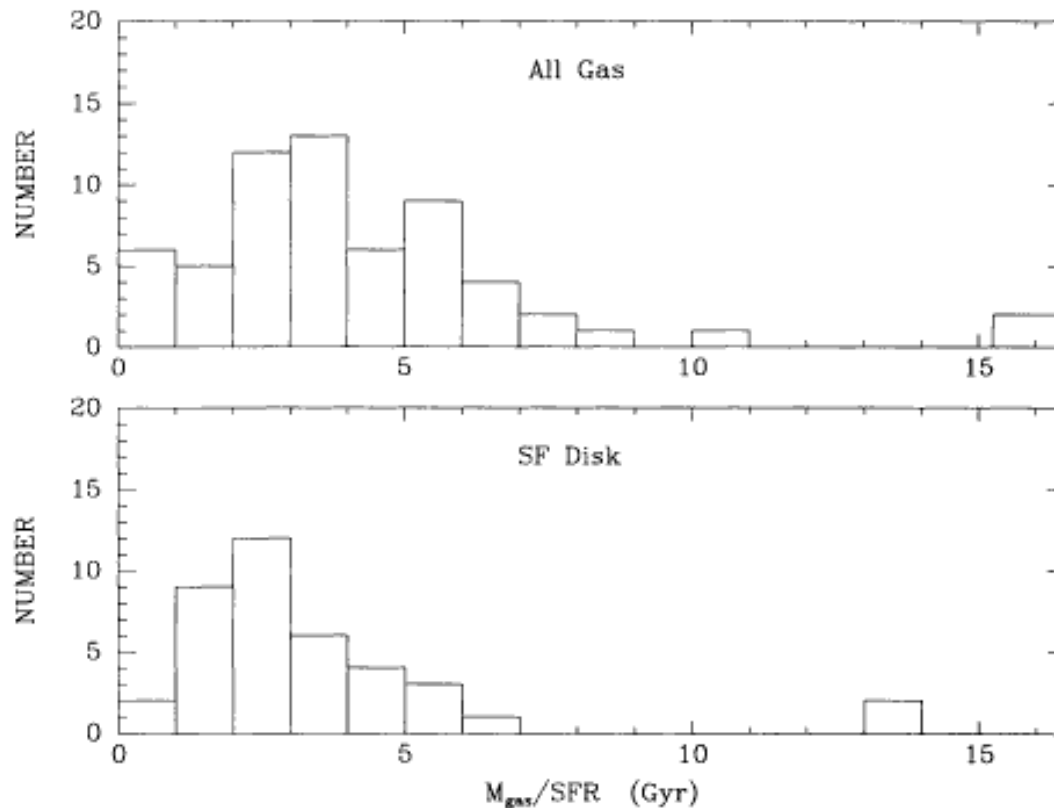
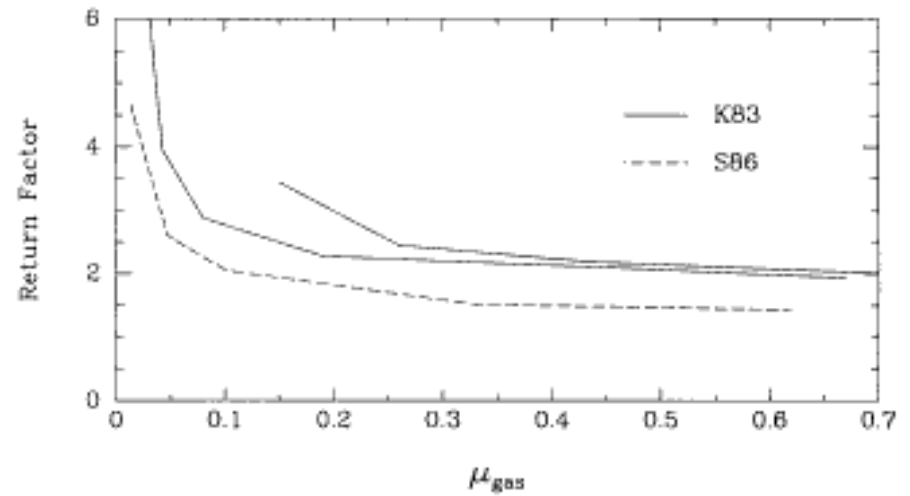
Bell, de Jong 2000,
MNRAS, 312, 497



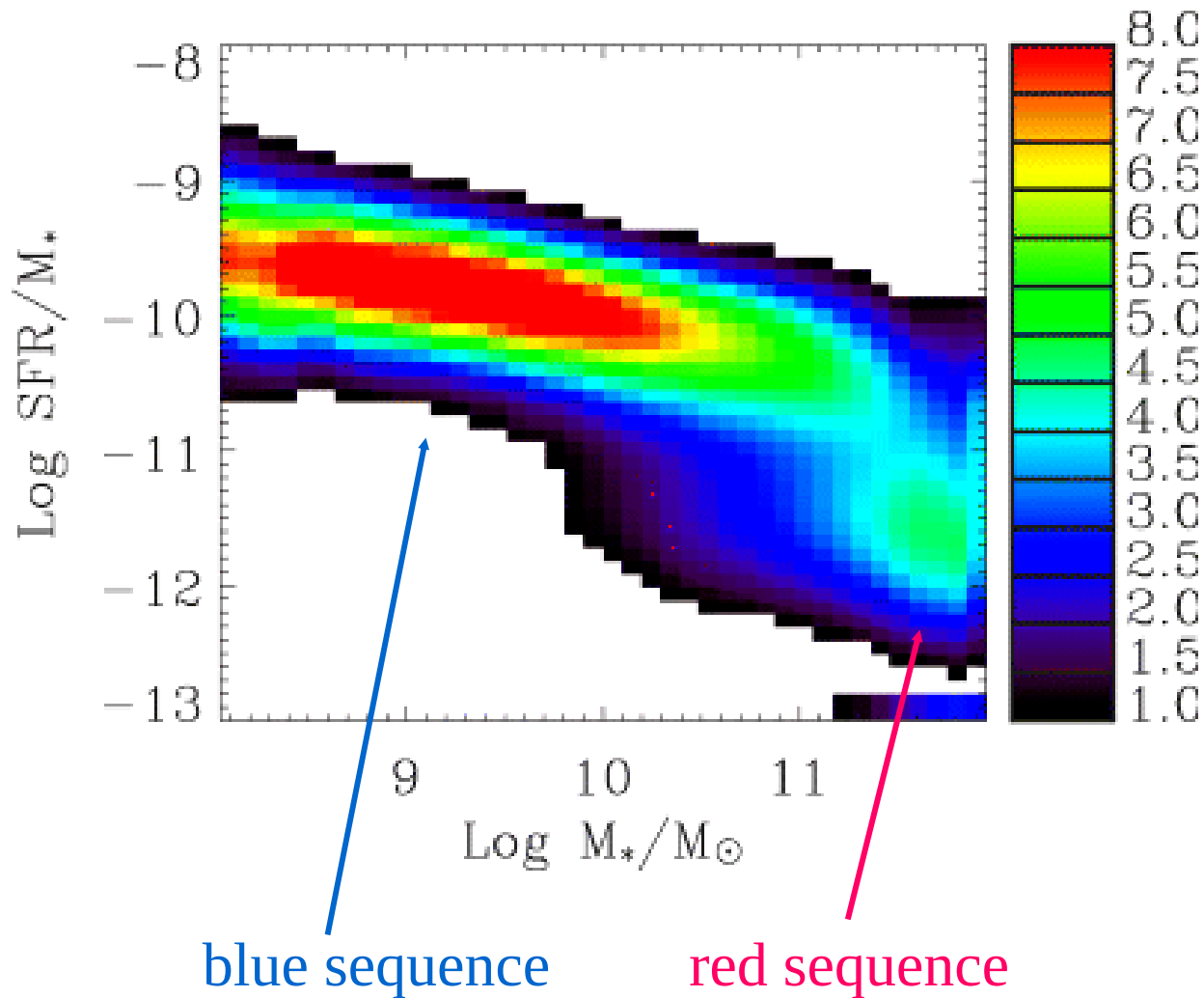


- Gas consumption

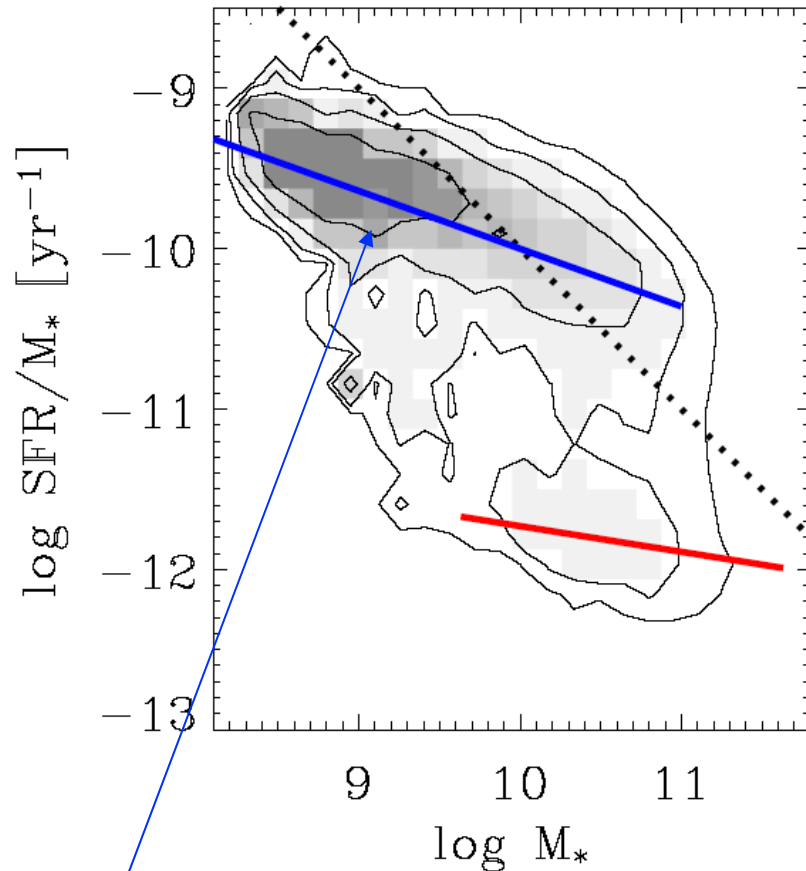
- typical timescales for depletion ~few Gyr
- stellar recycling of gas is significant factor!



SFRs for 100,000 galaxies with Sloan!



SFR/ M_* vs. M_* Distribution: Star-Forming Sequence



$$\text{SFR} \propto M_*^{2/3}$$

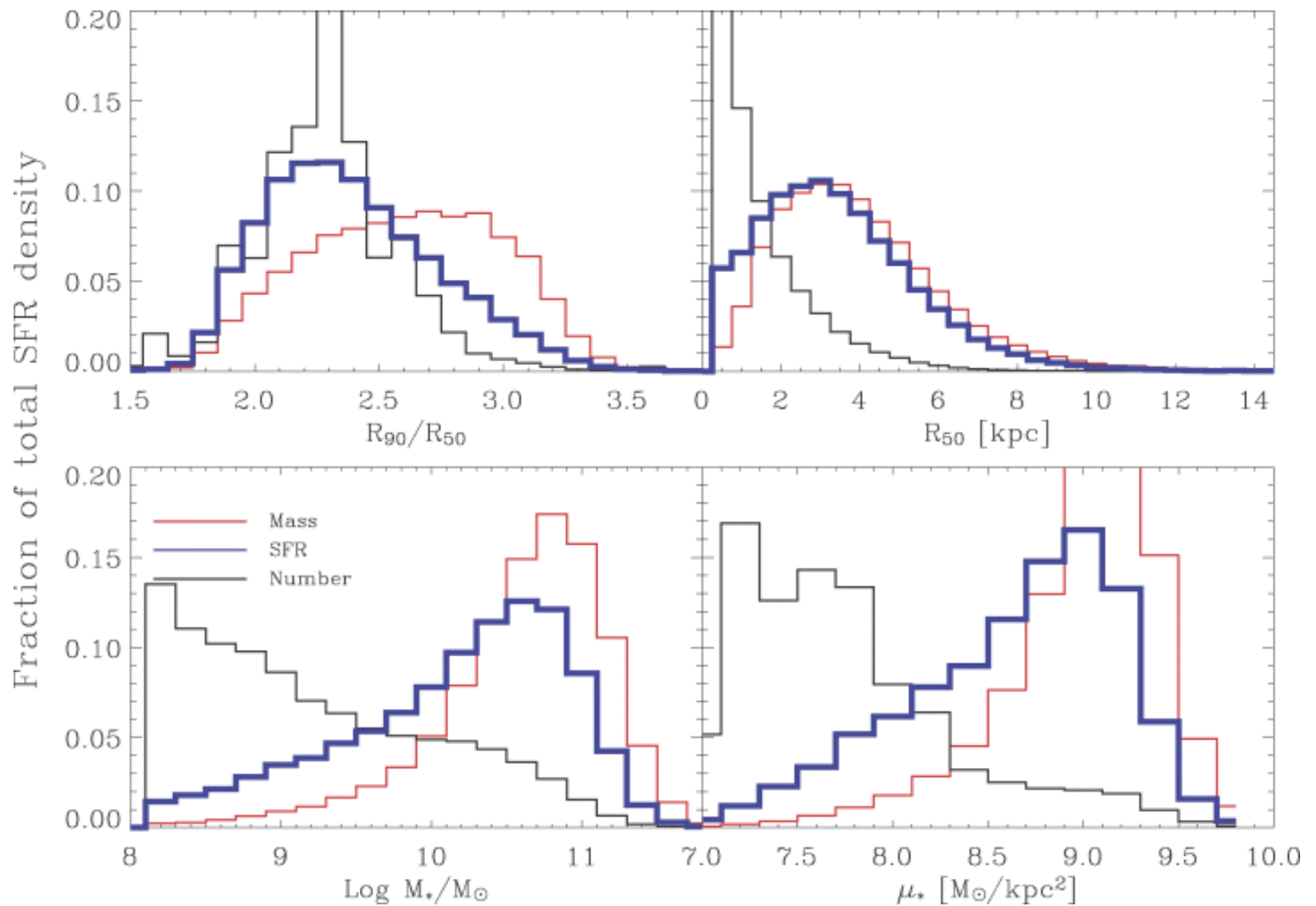
Salim et al. (2007)
Noeske et al. (2007)

see also

Brinchmann et al. (2004),
Feulner et al. (2006)

$\text{SFR} = 1 M_\odot \text{ yr}^{-1}$

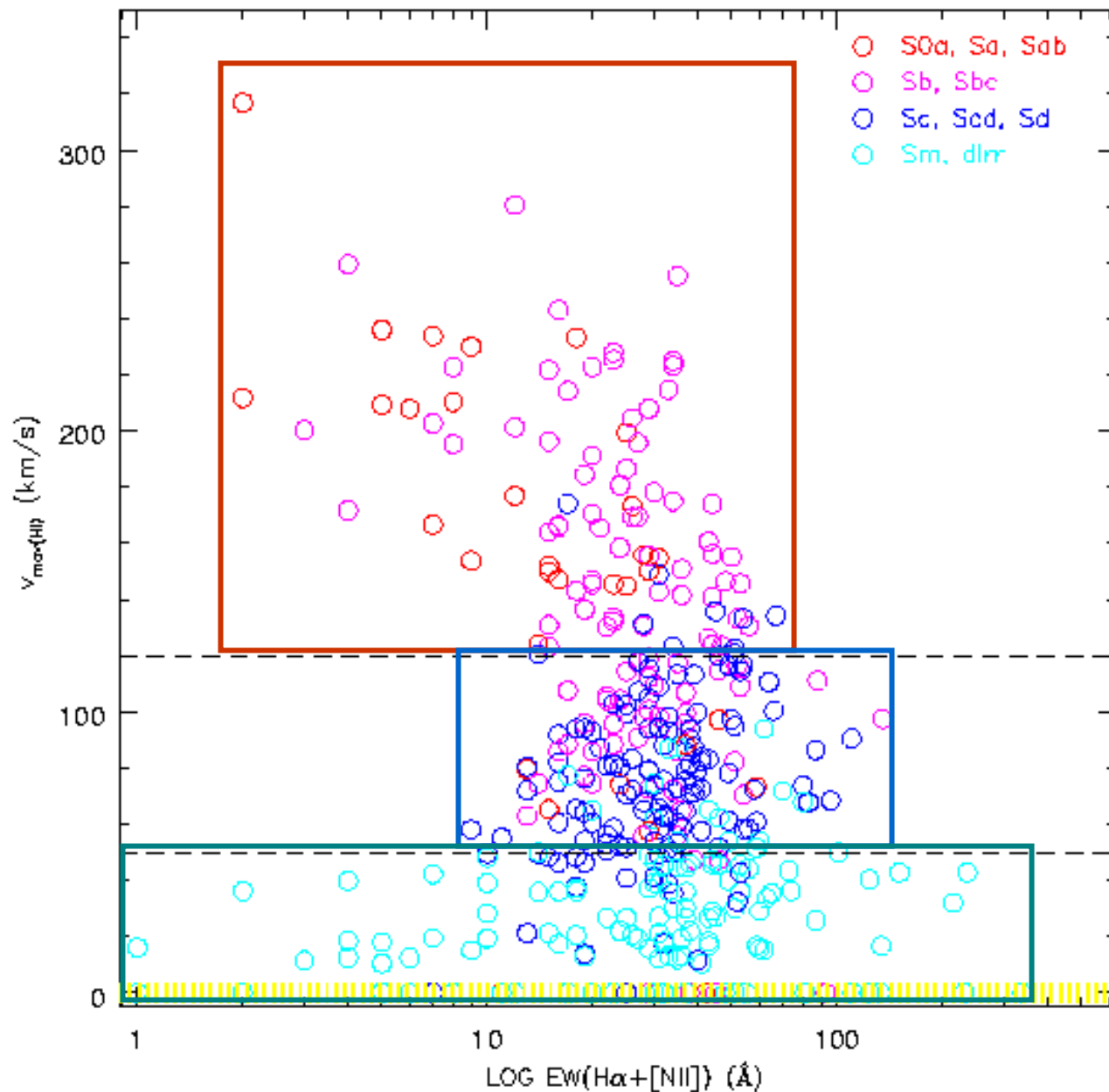
$$\log \text{SFR}/M_* = -0.35(\log M_* - 10) - 9.83$$



Brinchmann et al. 2004, MNRAS, 351, 1151

11HUGS Survey

V_{circ}



Lee et al. 2007,
ApJL, 671, L113

SFR/mass

Galaxy Evolution Explorer (GALEX)

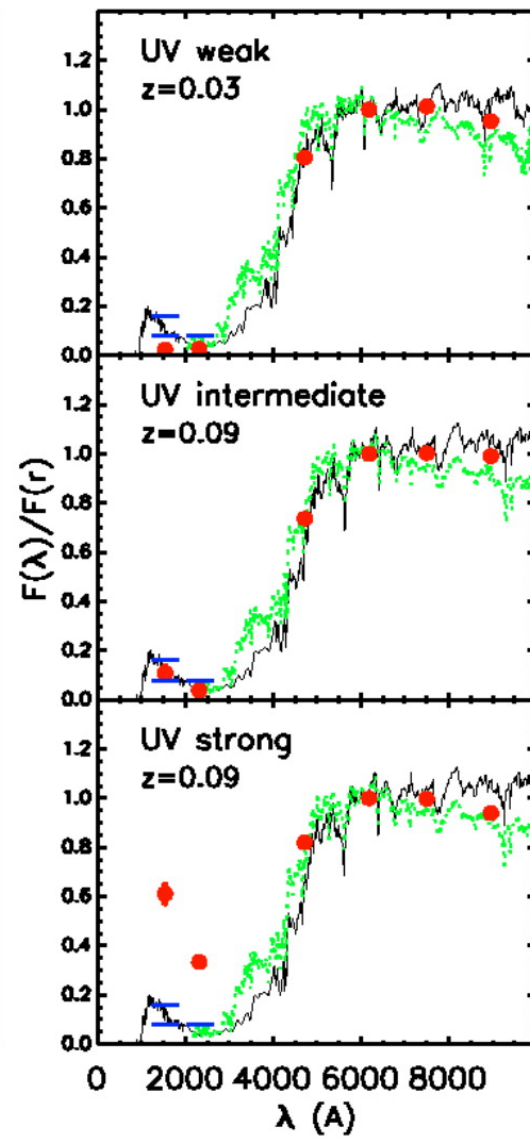
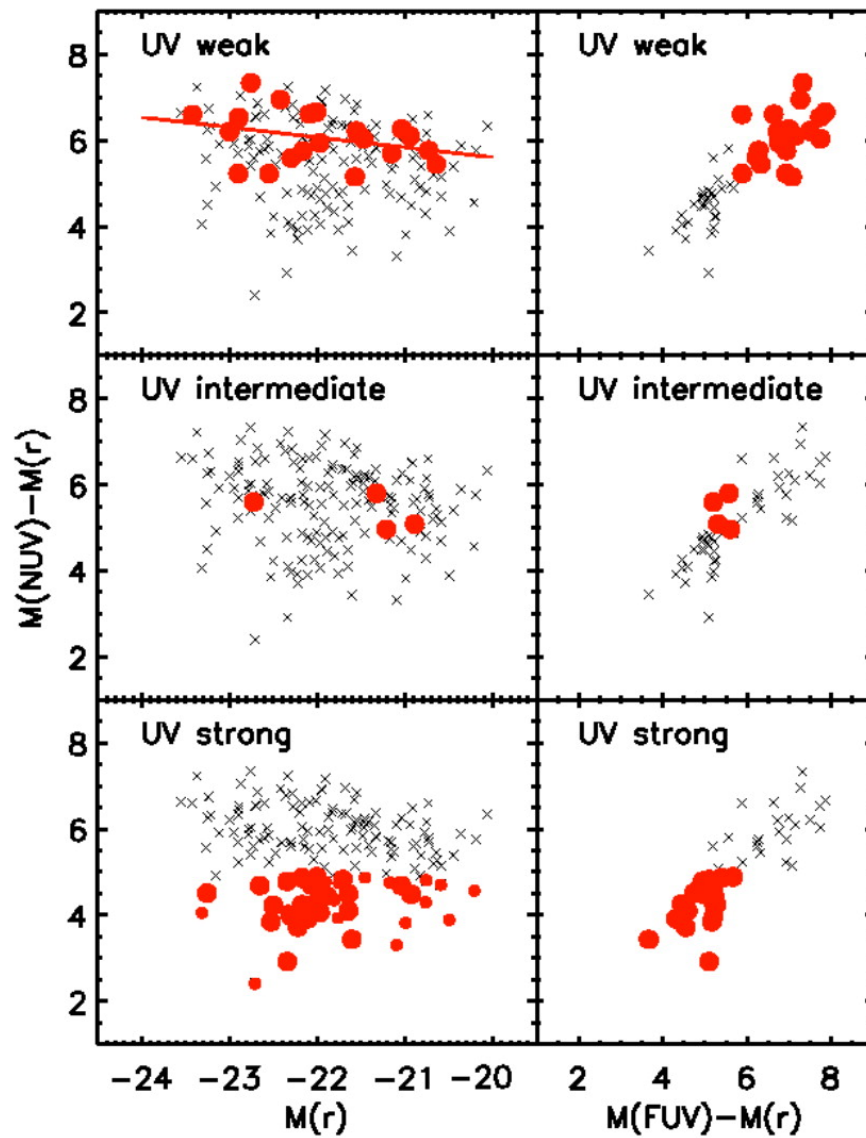
- (nearly) all-sky imaging survey, 150/230 nm
- deep pointed imaging, spectroscopy
- several GALEX+Spitzer+optical/radio surveys



Andromeda Galaxy
GALEX



Andromeda Galaxy
Visible light image (John Gleason)

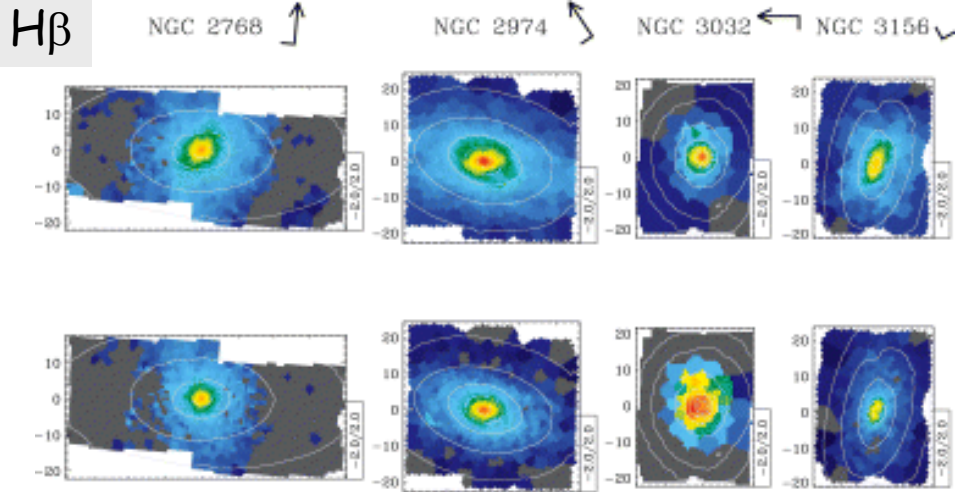


SF in 15% of ellipticals in past 1 Gyr

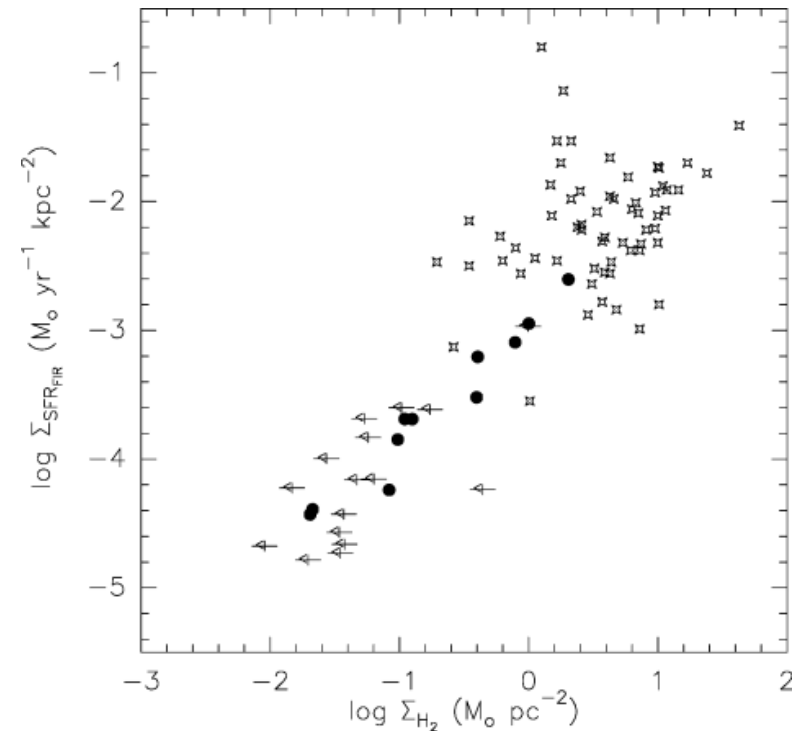
Yi et al. 2005, ApJ, 619, L111

SAURON Sample

- 48 E/S0 galaxies observed (43 in CO)
- 75% detected in H β (16/24 E, 20/24 S0), 28% detected in CO
- typical SFRs of order 0.01-1 $M_{\odot}/\text{yr}$
- disk-averaged SF properties extend Schmidt law for spirals



[OIII]



XUV Disks

M 83 (NGC 5236)



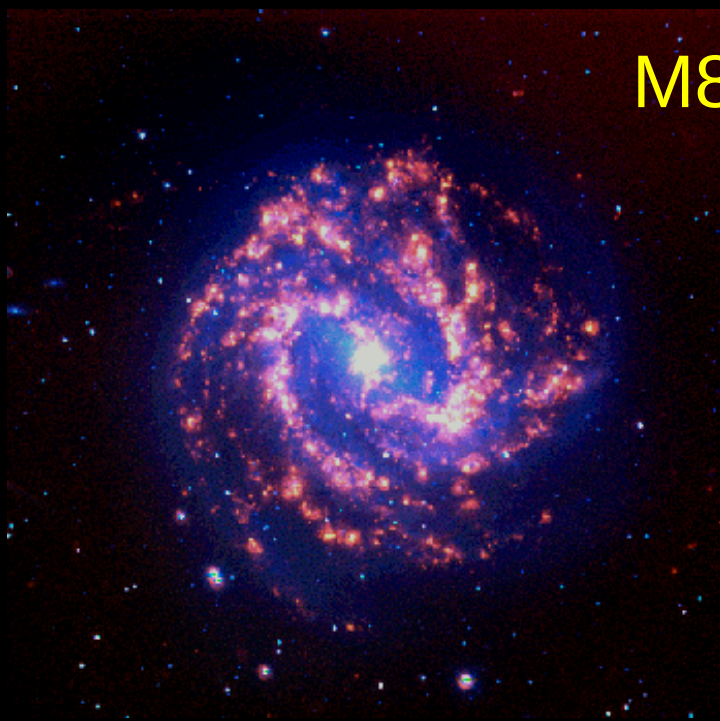
Thilker et al. (2005)

NGC 4625



Gil de Paz et al. (2005)

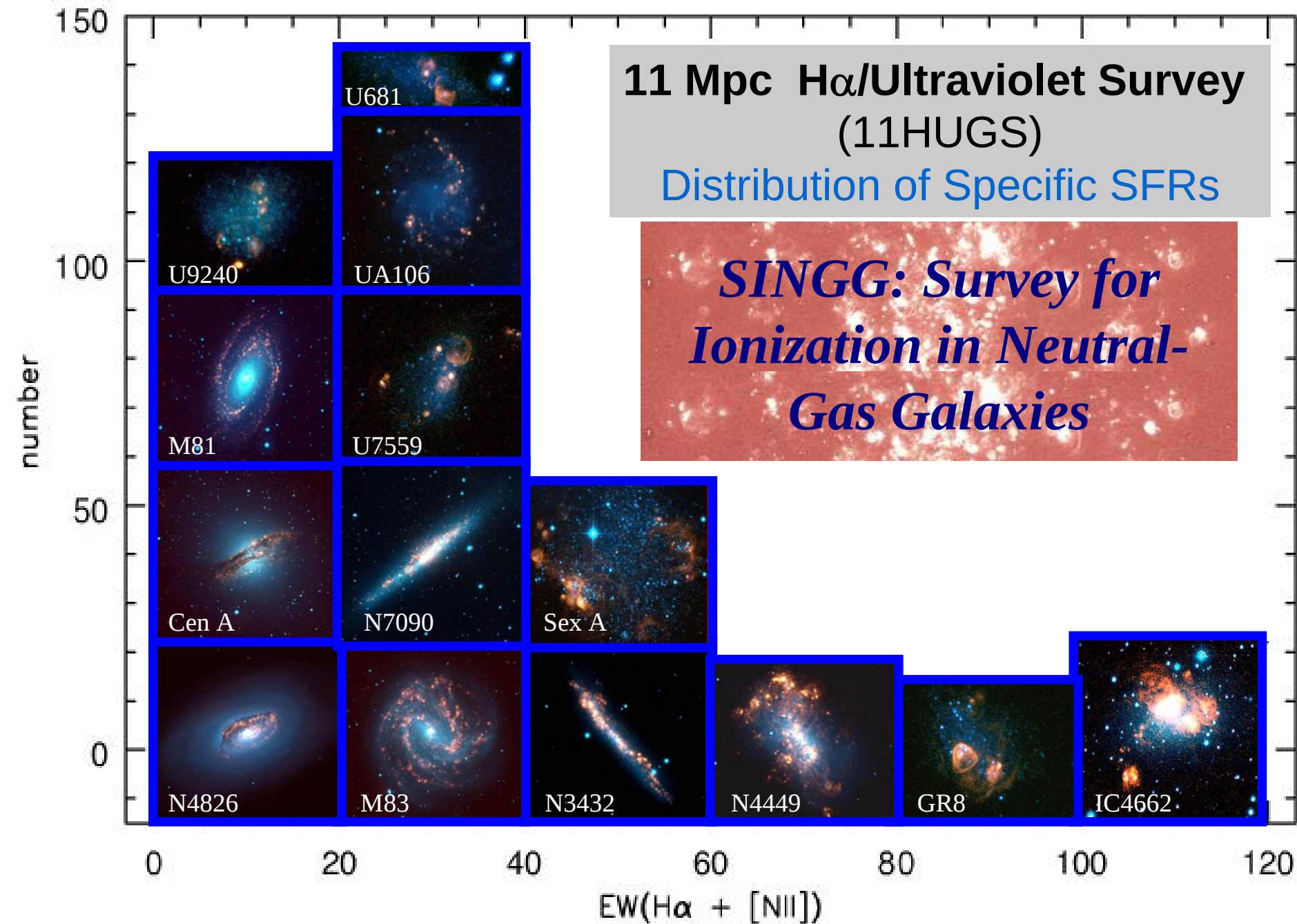
M83 = NGC 5236



**11 Mpc H α /Ultraviolet Survey
(11HUGS)**

Distribution of Specific SFRs

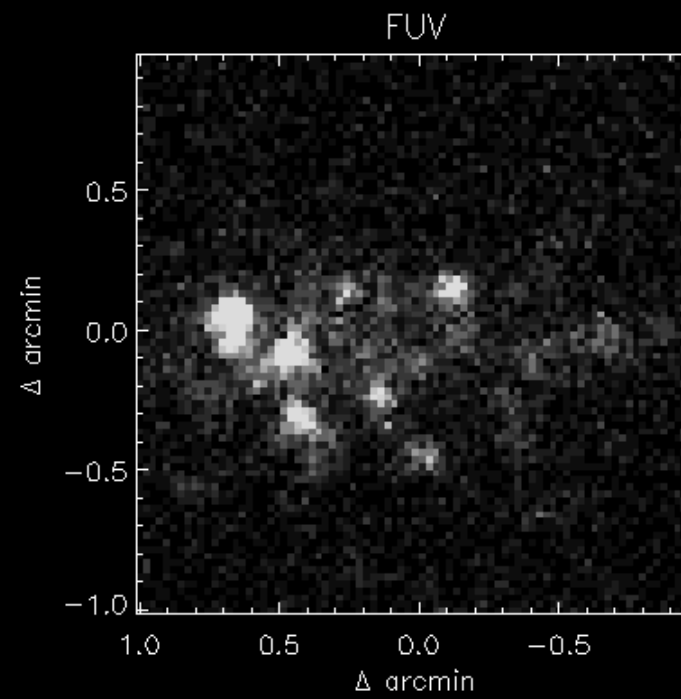
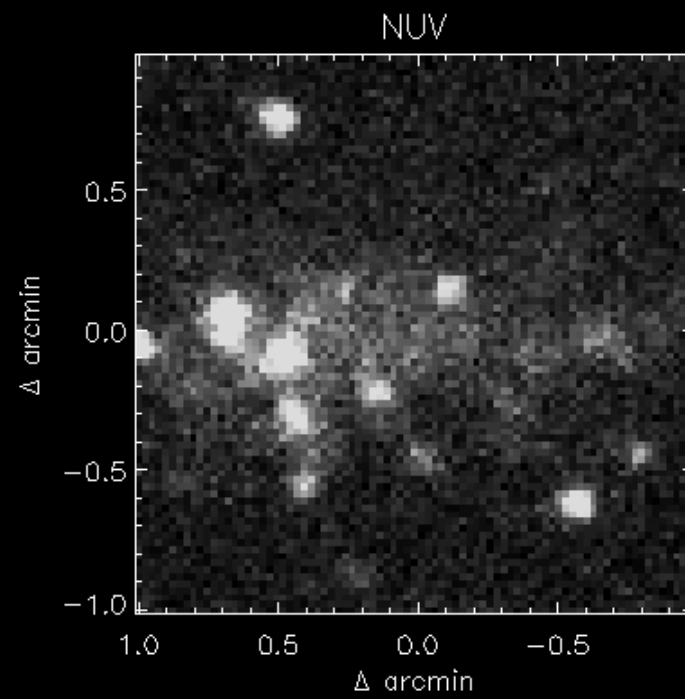
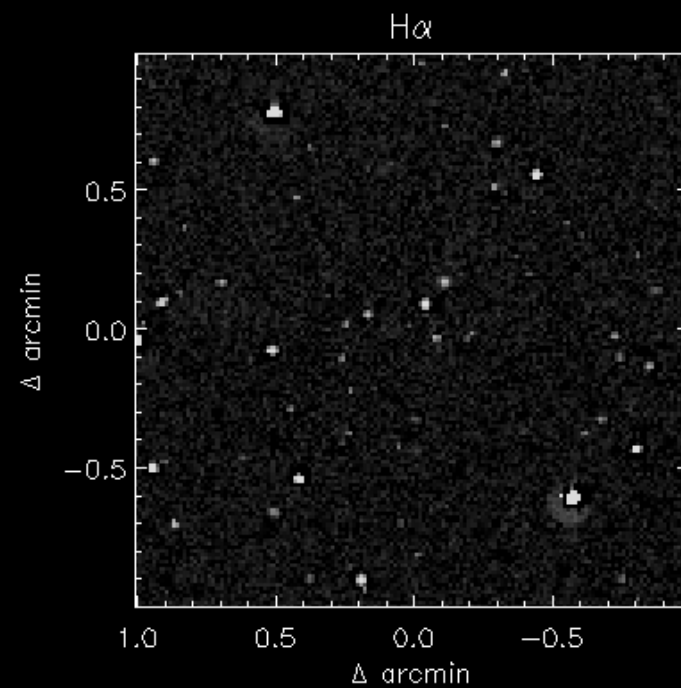
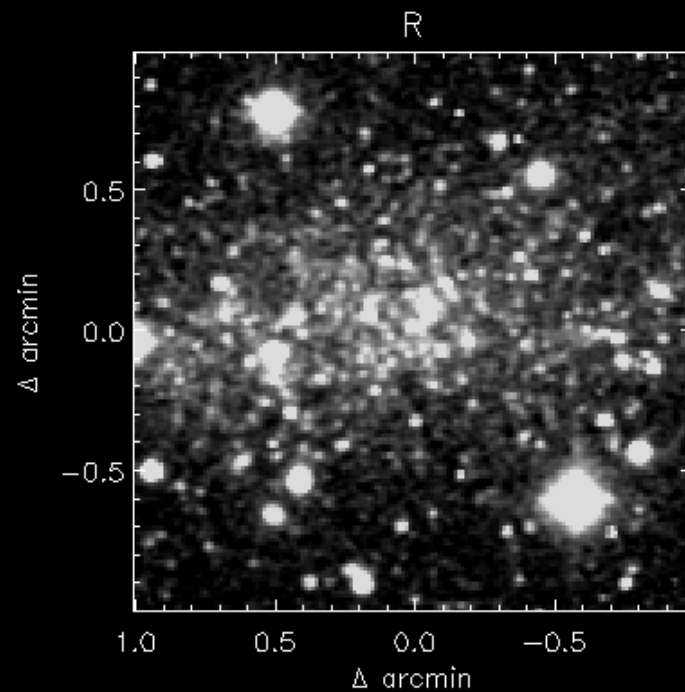
***SINGG: Survey for
Ionization in Neutral-
Gas Galaxies***



DDO 210

IB(s)m

$M_B = -12$:



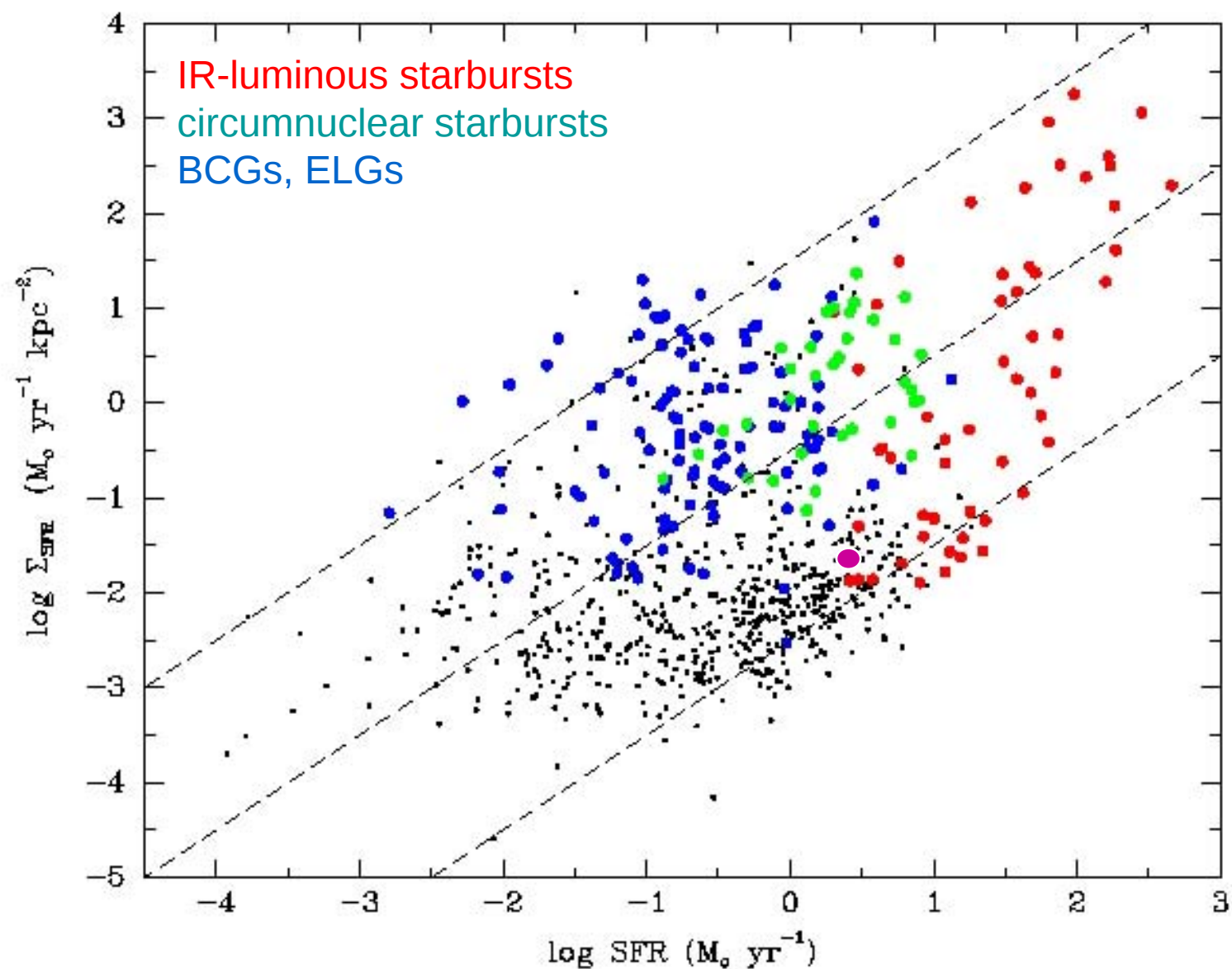
Disk SFRs: Main Results

Kennicutt 1998, ARAA, 36, 189

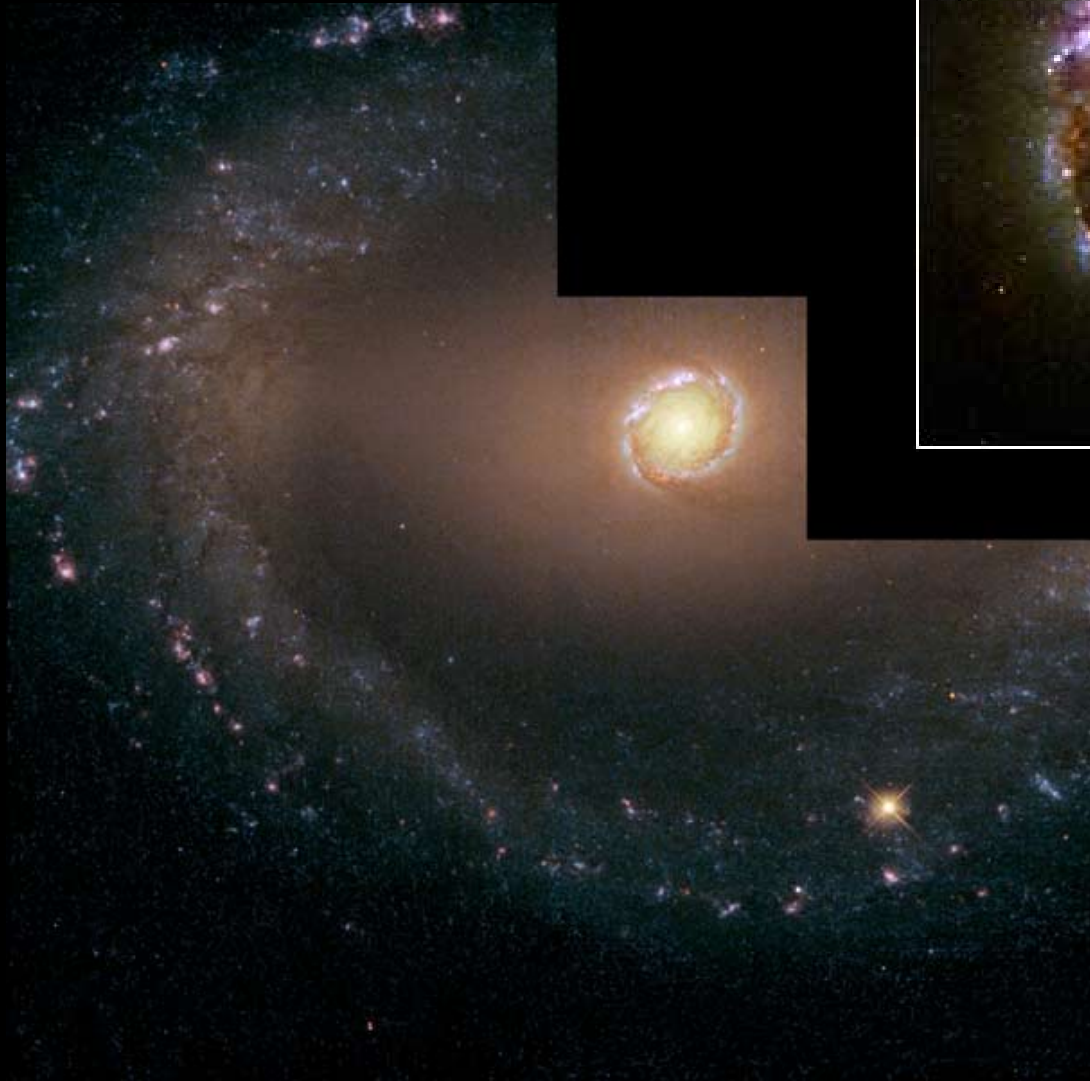
Brinchmann et al. 2004, MNRAS, 351, 1151

- spectra best fitted with IMF $\sim$ Salpeter for $M^* > 1 M_\odot$
- SF is ubiquitous when cold gas is present
 - $<4\%$ S-Irr non-detects in $H\alpha$, nearly all show trace SF in UV
- average SFR/mass increases by 5-10x per type bin (S0 - Sa - Sb, etc)
 - proportional changes in disk SF history with type
 - changes in frequency and characteristic mass of SF events
- large residual variation in SFR within a given type
 - most variation in disk SFR vs B/D ratio
 - more strongly correlated with mean gas density
 - temporal SFR variations (bursts)
- strong bimodality seen in SFR/mass vs galaxy mass
 - extension to dwarfs shows evidence for third mode
- radial gradients in disk age and metallicity

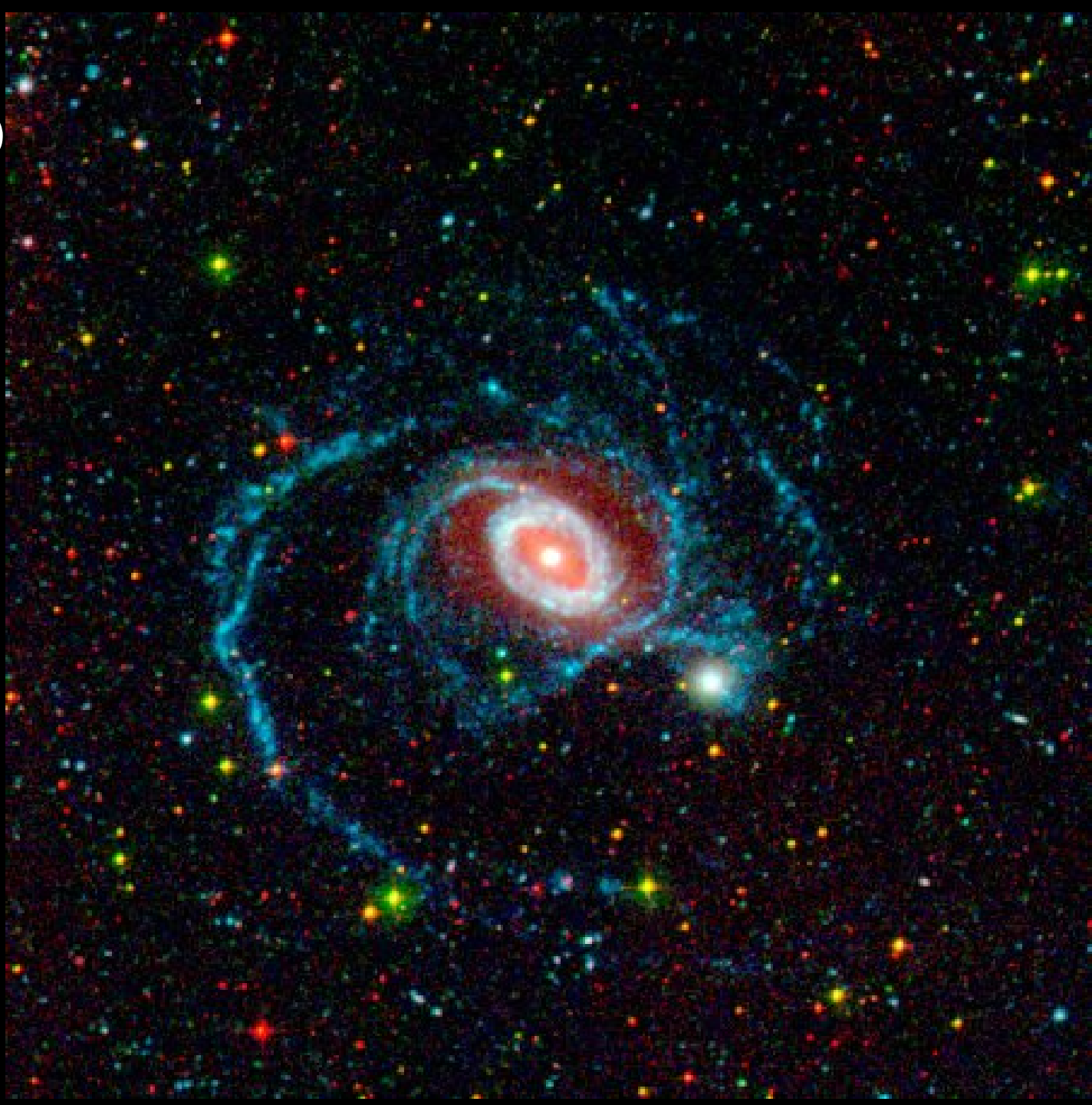
Starbursts

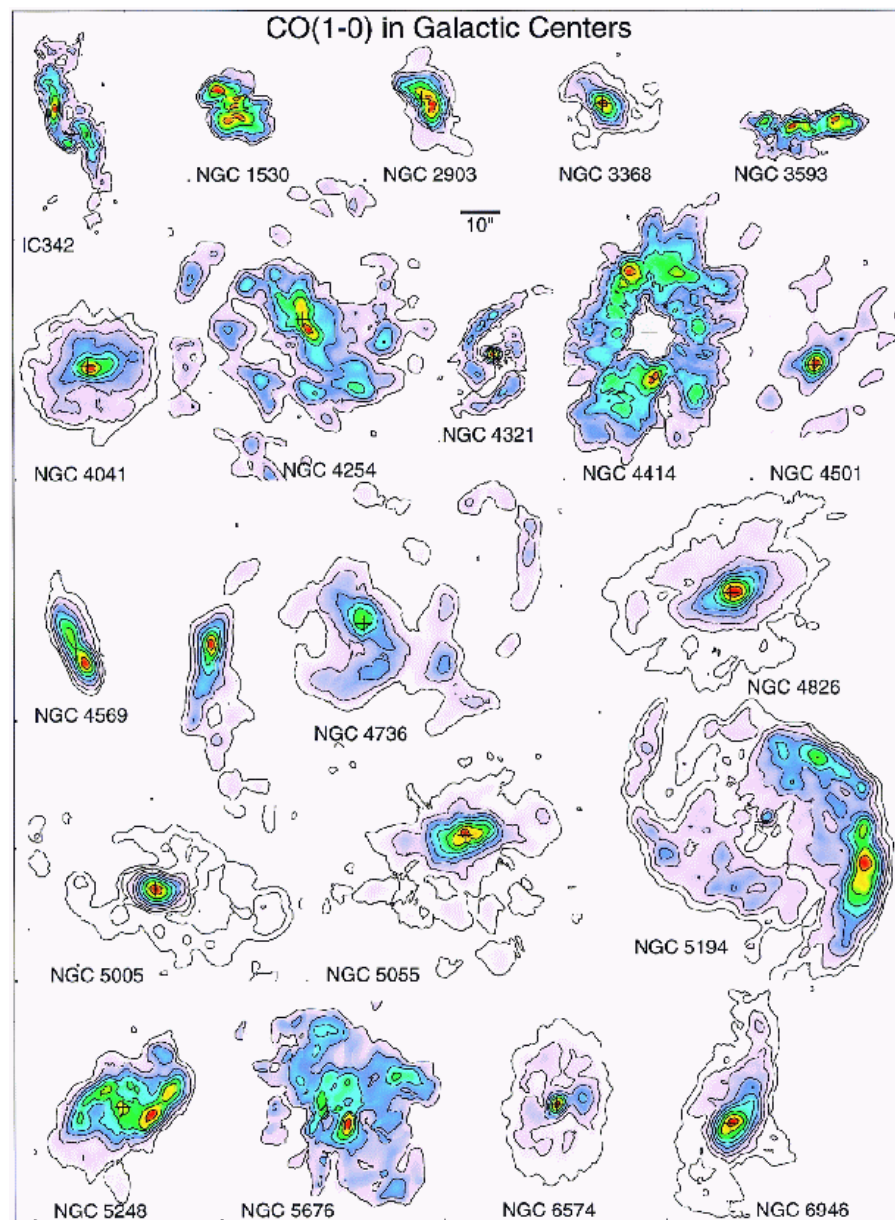
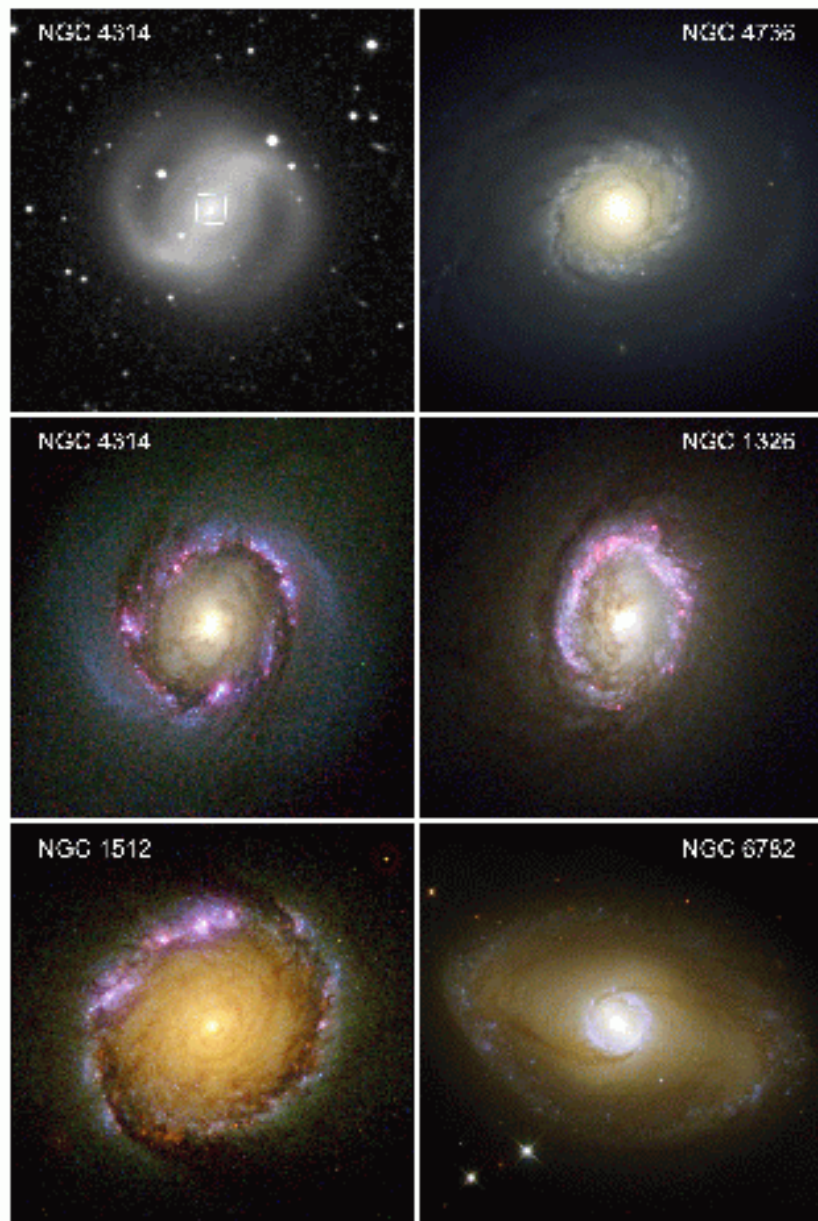


NGC 1512 (HST)

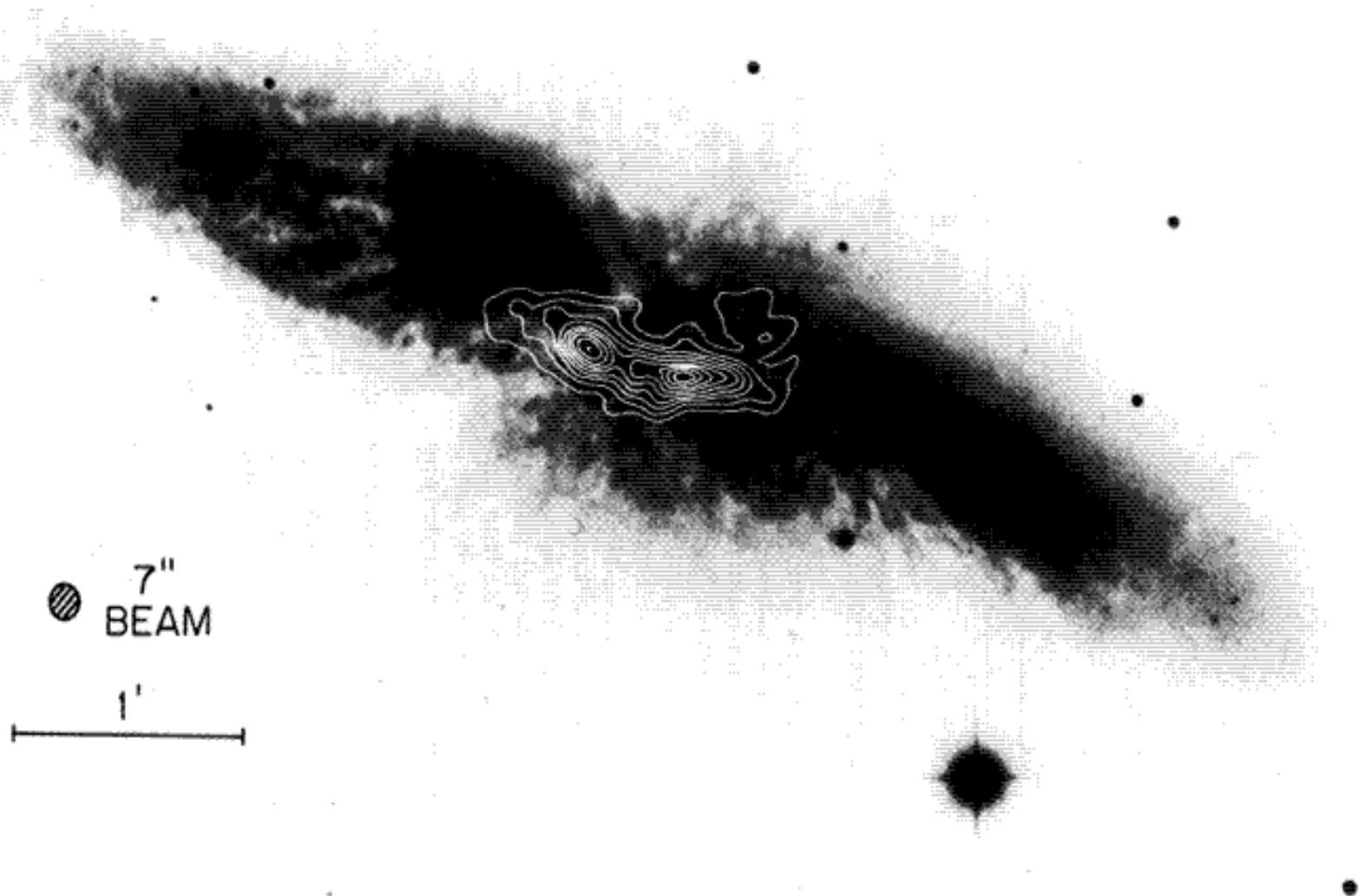


NGC 1512
(GALEX FUV/NUV)





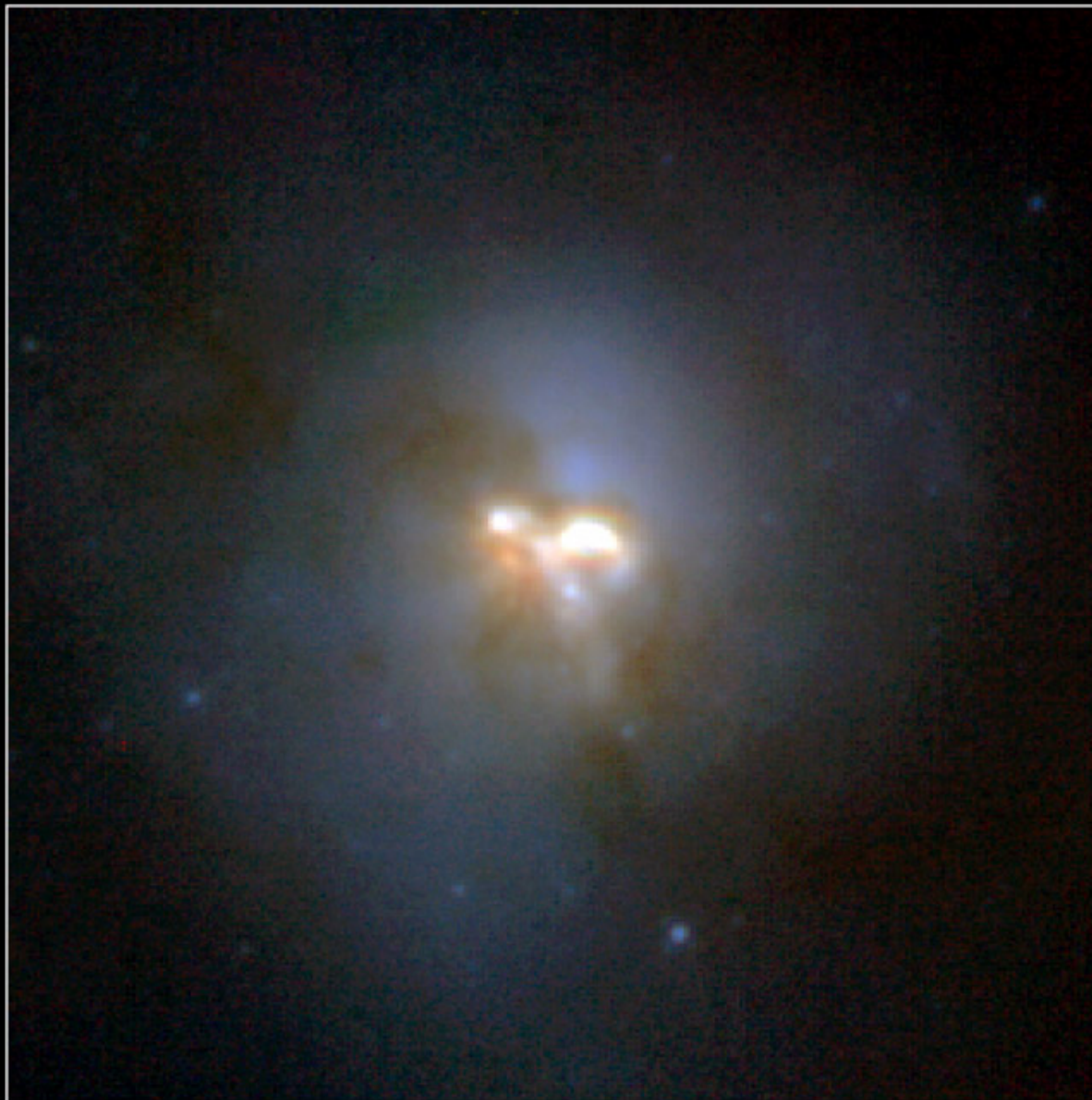
M82



Lo et al. 1987, ApJ, 312, 574

Table 1: Star Formation in Disks and Nuclei of Galaxies

Property	Spiral Disks	Circumnuclear Regions
Radius	1 – 30 kpc	0.2 – 2 kpc
SFR	0 – 20 $M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$	0 – 1000 $M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
Bolometric Luminosity	$10^6 - 10^{11} L_{\odot}$	$10^6 - 10^{13} L_{\odot}$
Gas Mass	$10^6 - 10^{11} M_{\odot}$	$10^6 - 10^{11} M_{\odot}$
Star Formation Timescale	1 – 50 Gyr	0.1 – 1 Gyr
Gas Density	1 – 100 $M_{\odot} \text{ pc}^{-2}$	$10^2 - 10^5 M_{\odot} \text{ pc}^{-2}$
Optical Depth (0.5 μm)	0 – 2	1 – 1000
SFR Density	0 – 0.1 $M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1} \text{ kpc}^{-2}$	1 – 1000 $M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1} \text{ k pc}^{-2}$
Dominant Mode	steady state	steady state + burst
Type Dependence?	strong	weak/none
Bar Dependence?	weak/none	strong
Spiral Structure Dependence?	weak/none	weak/none
Interactions Dependence?	moderate	strong
Cluster Dependence?	moderate/weak	?
Redshift Dependence?	strong	?



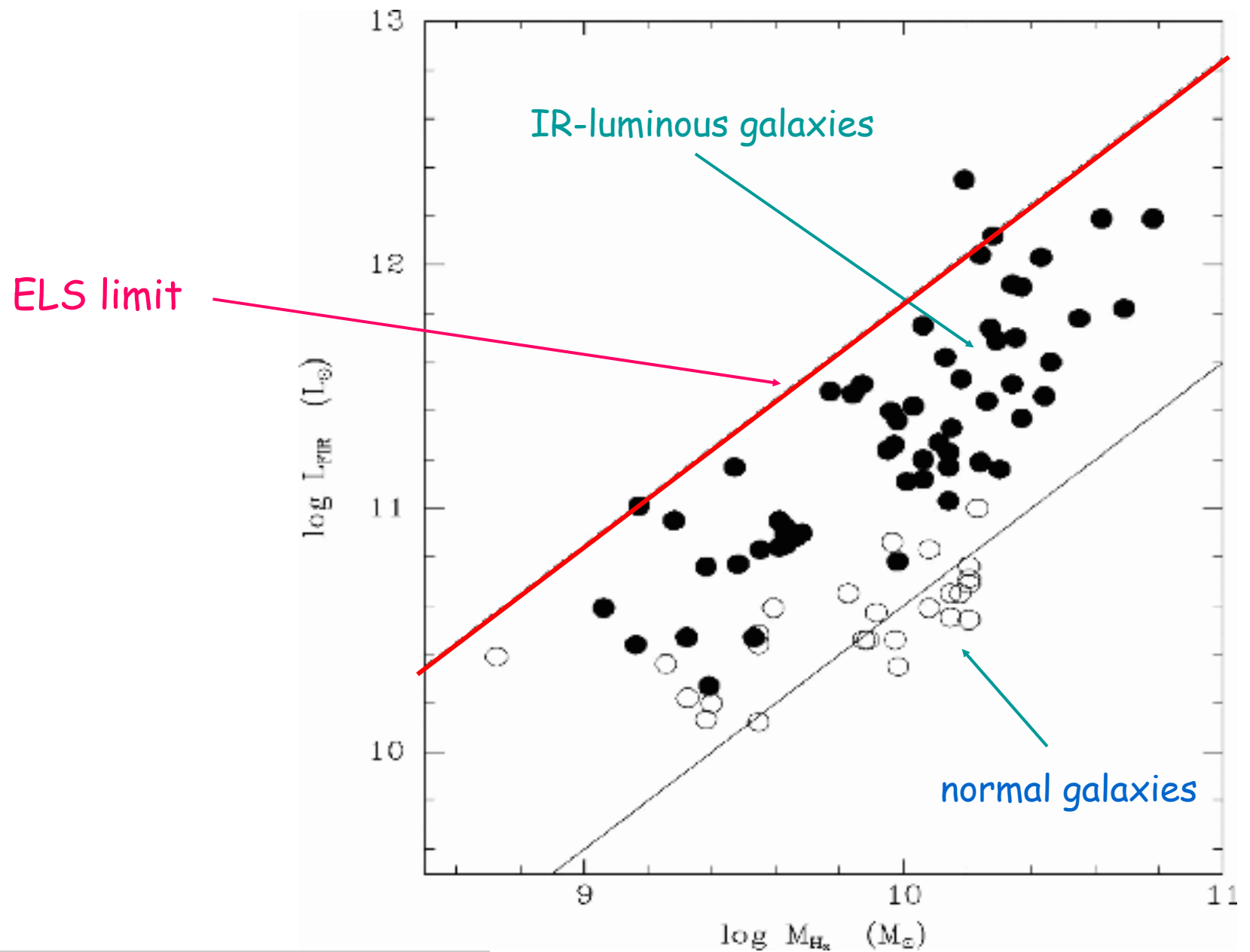
Ultraluminous Infrared Galaxy Arp 220

HST • NICMOS

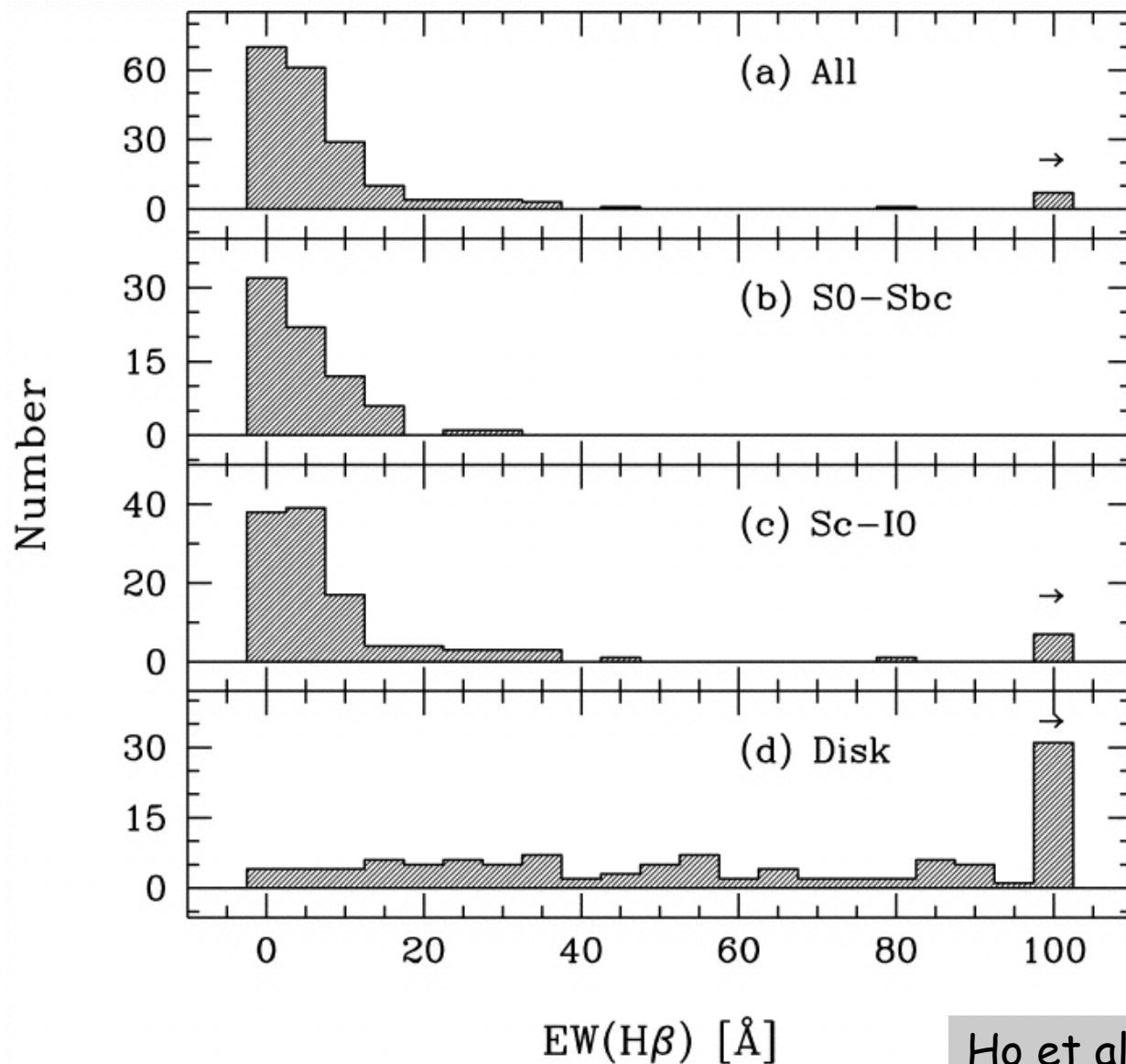
PRC97-17 • ST ScI OPO • June 9, 1997

R. Thompson (University of Arizona),

N. Scoville (California Institute of Technology) and NASA



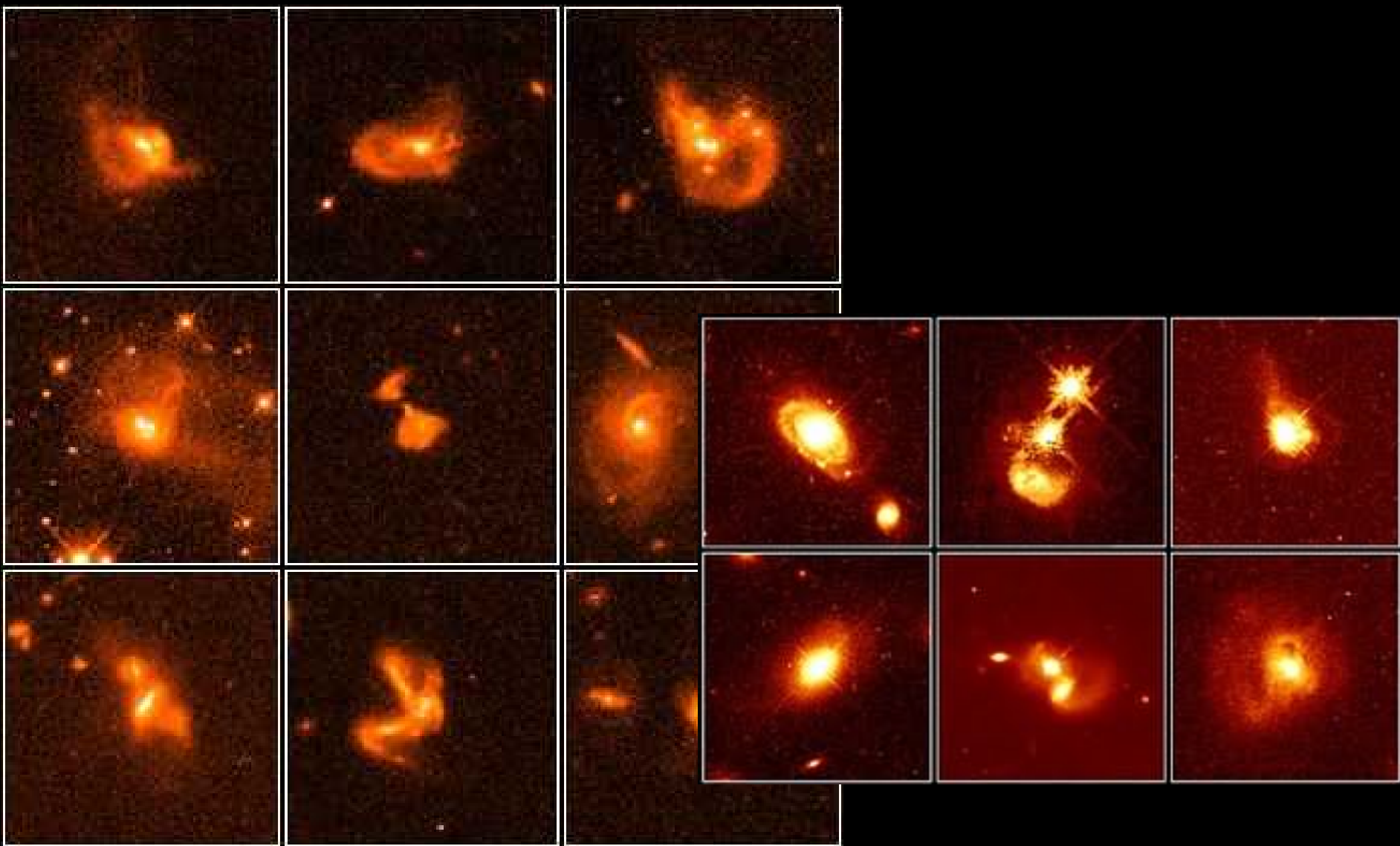
Circumnuclear Star Formation - Trends with Type



ellipticals too?!

Yi et al. 2005,
ApJ, 619, L111

Ho et al. 1997, ApJ, 487, 595



Borne et al. 2000, *ApJ*, 529, L77

Contributions to the global star formation budget

