<u>Fractionation of</u> <u>Isotopes</u> <u>in space:</u> <u>From the solar system</u> <u>to galaxies</u>

10-13 October 2016

Florence

Introduction

Model

Results

Conclusion

The photochemical fractionation of oxygen isotopes in Titan's atmosphere

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Model

Results



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Model

Results





71 species 334 reactions

HCO

H₃O⁻

H₂COH

O(1D)

CO₂

R

hν

Introduction Model

Results





Fractionation of Isotopes

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¹⁸Observations

- $C^{16}O/C^{18}O = 486 \pm 22$ (Nixon et al 2016)

- $C^{16}O_2/C^{16}O^{18}O = 173 \pm 55$ (Nixon et al 2016) (16O/18O ratio in CO₂ of 346 ± 110)

Cometary: ¹⁶O/¹⁸O ≈ 500

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$OH + CO \rightarrow H + CO_2$

$k(OH+C^{18}O)=k(^{18}OH+CO)=0.985*k(OH+CO)$

(Chen 2005, Stevens 1980, Rockmann 1998, Feilberg 2005)











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- Low ¹⁶O/¹⁸O fractionation in Titan
- If CO internal: $C^{16}O_i/C^{18}O_i \approx 500$
- If CO external: $C^{16}O/C^{18}O \approx {}^{16}O/{}^{18}O$ Enceladeus
- $C^{16}O_2/C^{16}O^{18}O$: observation < modelisation
- $H_2C^{16}O/H_2C^{18}O$: highly dependent of the O origin