A panoramic look at ram pressure stripping in the Virgo cluster with CFHT and MUSE

Matteo Fossati (MPE Garching)

& A.Boselli, J.T.Mendel, J.C.Cuillandre, S.Gwyn, L.Ferrarese, B.Vollmer, S.Boissier, G.Gavazzi, G.Consolandi, M.Fumagalli, V.Buat, D.Burgarella, L.Cortese, P.Cote, P.Durrell, G.Hensler, J.Roediger, M.Sun, E.Toloba, S.Tonnesen & VESTIGE team

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Why do we care about environment? Open questions

What do we know/learn about the detailed physics of various environmental mechanisms?

What number (or fraction) of galaxies become passive as a direct result of their surrounding environments?

What is the main quenching mechanism? How long does it take for a satellite to be quenched?

Evolution of the above with cosmic time?

Signatures of ram-pressure stripping Multi-wavelength tails

HI (neutral hydrogen)

Halpha

X-Ray



Chung et al. 2007



Yagi et al. 2010

Sun et al. 2010

ESO137-001

Halpha is ideal when hunting for tails in large scale surveys

A Virgo Environmental Survey Tracing Ionized Gas Emission

P.I. A. Boselli

50 allocated night with MegaCam (1°x1°) to cover the Virgo cluster within 1 virial radius (~ 104°2)
Integration time: 2 h in the Hα filter (λ = 6563 Å, Δλ = 106 Å; T = 93%), 12 min in r (for the stellar continuum subtraction)
Sensitivity:

f(H α) ~ 4x10⁻¹⁷ erg sec⁻¹ cm⁻² (5 σ) for point sources Σ (H α) ~ 2x10⁻¹⁸ erg sec⁻¹ cm⁻² arcsec⁻² (1 σ) for ext. sources at 3" res



A Virgo Environmental Survey Tracing Ionized Gas Emission

Why Virgo?

The closest cluster of galaxies Dist = 16.5 Mpc; $M_{200} = 1.4-4.2 \times 10^{14}$ Mo High angular resolution (1 arcsec = 80 pc) Access to the dwarfs (M_{star} ~ 10⁶⁻⁷ Mo) Spiral rich cluster in formation Multifrequency data available: GUViCS (UV), NGVS (optical), HeViCs (FIR), ALFALFA+VIVA (HI)



A Virgo Environmental Survey Tracing Ionized Gas Emission

I) VIRGO SCIENCE

The effects of the environment on galaxy evolution (quenching) The fate of the stripped gas in cluster galaxies The star forming process in nearby galaxies The ionised gas emission in early-type galaxies The H α luminosity function of galaxies The H α scaling relation in galaxies The nature of dark galaxies The nature of dark galaxies The dynamical structure of the Virgo cluster The HII luminosity function of cluster galaxies Planetary nebulae and the origin of the intracluster light

2) FOREGROUND SCIENCE

The diffuse ionised emission of the Milky Way High velocity clouds, compact sources and Galactic fountains

3) BACKGROUND SCIENCE

High redshift emission line galaxies (Ly α , [OII], [OIII])

A Virgo Environmental Survey Tracing Ionized Gas Emission



Status after 2017A (12 nights)

VESTIGE-pilot NGC4569 RPS tail detection and truncation of radial profiles





Disk truncation due to Ram pressure stripping

Boselli et al. 2006,2016

VESTIGE-pilot NGC4569 RPS tail detection and truncation of radial profiles



The mass of the ionised gas in the tail is a large fraction of the stripped HI
The ionization of the gas in the tail is supported by shocks and turbulence
The mass of the gas expelled by the nuclear outflow is estimated to be 1-3% of the total stripped mass due to RPS

Boselli et al. 2006,2016

Accurate reconstruction of the RPS quenching times

VIVA (HI)

NGVS (optical)



Accurate reconstruction of the RPS quenching times



Accurate reconstruction of the RPS quenching times



Jointly fit FORS2 spectroscopy (DDT) and 15 band photometry using MonteCarlo code (thanks to J.T.Mendel) Radial SFH from Boissier & Prantzos (2000) models plus exponential truncation (2 free parameters: lookback time of the start of the quenching event and exponential timescale)

Accurate reconstruction of the RPS quenching times



Accurate reconstruction of the RPS quenching times



Accurate reconstruction of the RPS quenching times



• Outside-in quenching event, outskirts stripped first

 Short timescales, RPS event started 500 Myr ago, from simulations we estimate it will last another <1 Gyr before the SF activity is completely suppressed

A complete MUSE survey of low mass galaxies in the VIRGO cluster

• PI M. Fossati, 85 targets each one to be observed for 1h.

- Main goal: build a statistical sample of low mass galaxies (8 < logM*<9.5) and observe their path from activity to quiescence as a function of clustercentric distance, stellar mass. Strong synergies with imaging surveys in VIRGO (e.g. Galex, NGVS, VESTIGE, Herschel)
 - Detect RPS tails and characterise their ionization properties in a relatively large sample.
 - Reconstruct SF histories of galaxies which are being transformed by the environment

Time allocated in P98 (7 galaxies observed) and in P99, proposed again for the following periods



A complete MUSE survey of low mass galaxies in the VIRGO cluster

• P98 observations



Conclusions



Signatures of gas stripping phenomena are ubiquitous in local massive clusters (e.g. detection of ionised gas tails, truncated radial profiles, short quenching times).



VESTIGE is probing the Virgo cluster with unprecedented area and depth



Monte Carlo methods coupled with state of the art models can robustly derive the age since the quenching event in case of RPS

Full statistical picture in the next two years with full VESTIGE survey and follow-up spectroscopic observations